

## Tobacco Free Ireland Annual Report 2019



Tobacco Free Ireland, the report of the Tobacco Policy Review Group, was endorsed by Government, and published in October 2013. It builds on existing tobacco control policies and legislation already in place in this country and sets a target for Ireland to be tobacco free (i.e. with a smoking prevalence rate of less than 5%) by 2025. Tobacco Free Ireland was the first policy document to be launched under the Healthy Ireland framework and will play a major part in achieving the vision set out in Healthy Ireland. The two key themes underpinning Tobacco Free Ireland are the protection of children and the denormalisation of smoking. Progress in implementing the Action Plan for Tobacco Free Ireland for 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018 and 2019 is outlined in the table below.

Considerable progress has been made and the action plan is being implemented as published. Whilst there is substantial detail in the updates provided, some of the key achievements in 2019 were:

• Receiving approval from Government to draft a Public Health (Tobacco and Nicotine Inhaling Products) Bill to further advance Tobacco Free Ireland recommendations.

• The inclusion of a question on smoking in the 2021 Census, so that the detailed information gathered can contribute to the evidence base for current and future tobacco control policy

• Continued progress on a number of Smoke Free Campus Initiatives, including the launch of Sports Ireland's Smoke Free Campus, prohibiting smoking outside of all campus buildings.

• Proactive involvement in ensuring the Public Private Partnership between the International Labour Organisation and tobacco industry were not renewed.

• The increase in price and minimum excise duty on tobacco products in Budget 2020.

• Continued preparation for the World Conference on Tobacco or Health, for which Dublin was selected as host.

Many of the actions in Tobacco Free Ireland are by their very nature continuing works-in-progress. We will continue to ensure that all actions are implemented as set out in the Action Plan so that we can report further progress in the 2019 Annual Report. The findings of the lifestyle surveys will provide valuable information as to progress in moving towards a Tobacco Free Ireland by 2025.

Chapter and	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
no.				
General				
11.1	Develop an action plan with timelines for the phased implementation of the recommendations in Tobacco Free Ireland.	DOH TACU <sup>1</sup>	1. Action plan developed in consultation with key stakeholders.	1. Complete Q4 2014
			2. Review and update	2. Annual
			action plan annually.	Report on TFI
				produced in Q1
				each year,
				beginning 2015
Update 2014	The Action Plan was developed by the Department of with the Health and Wellbeing Programme within the Health and Wellbeing Directorate. It was published in December 2015.	Department	and with the Health Service I	Executive's
Update 2015	Annual Report for 2015 was published in 2017.			
Update 2016	Annual Report for 2016 was published in 2017.			
Update 2017	Annual Report for 2017 was published in 2018.			
Update 2018	Annual Report for 2018 was published in 2019.			
Update 2019	Annual Report for 2019 was published in 2020.			

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
5.1	Take steps to ensure that all government officials, employees of state agencies and members of any government branch (executive, legislative and judiciary) responsible for setting and implementing tobacco control policies and for protecting those policies against tobacco industry interests are aware of their obligations under article 5.3 of the WHO FCTC <sup>2</sup> and are aware of the Guidelines developed to assist in meeting these obligations.	DOH TACU	Continue to advise all appropriate Government Departments, State Agencies with WHO FCTC guidelines on article 5.3.	Initiate 2014 and on- going
Update 2014	Ministerial letter outlining obligations under Article 5. correspondence sent to all Departments from Ministe continue to be advised on an informal basis of obligat	r and CMO in	Feb 2013. Agencies and stak	
Update 2015	Agencies and stakeholders continue to be advised of a	obligations un	der Article 5.3 as appropriate	e.
Update 2016	Agencies and stakeholders continue to be advised of obligations under Article 5.3 as appropriate. Engagement with Minister for Finance regarding the divestment of Strategic Investment Fund (ISIF) of its remaining investments in tobacco manufacturing.			
Update 2017	In November 2017, Minister of State at the DOH and the Chief Medical Officer signed an open letter to the Taoiseach, all Government Ministers and all heads (Secretaries General) of Government Departments. The letter reminded the Ministers and Secretaries General of the nation's obligation, as a WHO FCTC Ratifying Party, to maintain strict and transparent controls on interactions between the government and the tobacco industry. It asked that copies of WHO FCTC Article 5.3 be distributed to officials within all government departments and any state agencies that may have interactions with the tobacco industry. It was also copied to all other government ministries. The letter specifically highlights subsections of the article: interactions with the Tobacco industry; partnerships with the Tobacco industry; conflicts of interest; and preferential treatment. During meetings held in 2017 of the UN International Labour Organisation, Ireland, together with other EU Member States and like-minded countries, was a strong opponent to the renewal of public-private partnership between the ILO and the tobacco industry in line with Article 5.3 of the FCTC. The issue is on-going into 2018.			
Update 2018	Ireland took an active role within the European Memb Private Partnerships (PPPs) between the International Ireland welcomed the decision by the Governing Body	Labour Organ of the ILO in	nisation (ILO) and the tobacc November 2018 not to renew	o industry. w the PPPs.
	Focus for the ILO in 2019 should be the further develo to Address Decent Work Deficits in the Tobacco Secto	-	nplementation of the ILO Into	egrated Strategy
Update 2019	The DOH remained active in collaborating with the ILC WHO FCTC Article 5.3.	) throughout	2019 in pursuing continued o	compliance with
	The ILO Centenary Conference was held in Dublin Cas members of DOH. DOH reaffirmed its opposition to the ILO and the tobacco industry, in accordance with WHO	e renewal of	the Public Private Partnershi	
Protection of c	hildren and denormalisation of tobacco use in Ireland			

•	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
<u>no.</u> 7.1	The protection of children must be prioritised in all of the initiatives outlined in the policy.	1. DOH TACU 2.DOH H&W P <sup>3</sup> 3. HSE <sup>4</sup>	All initiatives to be examined with a view to maximising the impact on children where appropriate.	Initiate Q1 2014 and on going
7.2	Denormalisation must be a complementary underpinning theme for all of the initiatives within the policy.	1. DOH TACU 2. DOH H&W P 3. HSE	All initiatives to be evaluated with a view to maximising denormalisation.	Initiate Q1 2014 and on going
Update 2014	The protection of children and the denormalisation o for Tobacco Free Ireland. Key examples in 2014 are th Smoke in Mechanically Propelled Vehicles) Act 2014 a packaging of tobacco products.	e passing of the	ne Protection of Children's H	ealth (Tobacco
Update 2015	<ul> <li>packaging of tobacco products.</li> <li>D15</li> <li>The protection of children and the denormalisation of tobacco use is to the fore in the rollout of the Action Pla for Tobacco Free Ireland. Key examples in 2015 are the development and signing of regulations under the Protection of Children's Health (Tobacco Smoke in Mechanically Propelled Vehicles) Act 2014 and the continue work towards the introduction of standardised packaging of tobacco products. HSE Communications Department developed the Protection of Children's Health (Tobacco Smoke in Mechanically Propelled Vehicles campaign and supported its roll out.</li> <li>The Tobacco Products Directive contains significant measures concerned with the protection of children and the Department is actively working on that Directive's transposition by May 2016.</li> <li>The promotion of tobacco free campuses and the denormalisation of tobacco, particularly in the context of settings where children are present, are ongoing topics in all engagement that take place with a wide range of stakeholders within the scope of Health and Wellbeing Programme's work.</li> <li>Ongoing roll out of Tobacco free Campus policy in 105 existing Primary Care Centres and all new Centres. 4 TUSLA residential services implemented the tobacco free campus policy. Waterford Council introduced Smoke Free parks (which includes playgrounds) into it's bye-laws for all playgrounds in Waterford City and County. Galway City playgrounds have implemented a tobacco playgrounds and have erected no smoking signage at playground entrances, bye-laws have not been changed to reflect this. This work is supported through the</li> </ul>			under the ad the continued ations pelled Vehicles) f children and e context of a wide range of w Centres. 4 oduced Smoke and County. ng signage at prough the
Update 2016	Healthy Cities initiative. Work is ongoing with the GAA national healthy club initiative to support the implementation of Tobacco Free clubs and support the development of a toolkit guidance for clubs. Launch of initiative planned for mid 2016.			

Chapter and	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
no.					
Update 2017	The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland (TFI) Programme planne Workshops across the country (June 2017). The purpor Policy implementation, build supportive local network challenges, support necessary and direct future devel Health Nurses conference in Dublin Castle in Septemb Wolseley and the Nursing & Midwifery Research Conf Summit in the Aviva (Nov 17) to showcase examples of and advocate for the treatment of tobacco addiction Mental Health services.	ose of the work ks, identify mo opments. The oer, the MH Di ference in Tulla of good practic	kshops was to engage local n dels of good practice, local in programme participated at t rectors of Nursing conference amore (Oct 2017) and the Me te in TFC implementation in r	nanagers in TFC mplementation the Mental e in Mount ental Health mental health	
	The programme engaged with the Mayo Recovery College (Mental Health) to scope the potential to develop a 'Let's talk about smoking' module to be delivered by recovery colleges, followed up with a 1 day consultation workshop in Mayo Recovery College to co-produce the module. The programme did a site visit to Maudsley Hospital, South London where a number of local NHS health and tobacco specialists hosted a sharing and learning event for colleagues from Scotland, Finland and Ireland. The Programme engaged with the Inspectorate division of the Mental Health Commission to advocate for the inclusion of Tobacco Free Campus policy implementation in future audits of mental health services.				
Update 2018	The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland (TFI) programme and as and improve the ongoing implementation of Tobacco programme found that among service managers there the policy. For this reason, the TFI Programme outline implementation within an electronic survey.	Free Campus e were variatio	Policy across our sites and se ons in interpretation of imple	ervices. The ementation of	
	During 2018 the programme issued a survey using these criteria to all Social Care (older persons and disability) and mental health service sites to assess the level of policy implementation. Primary Care services have fully implemented the policy. Survey results found that the policy was implemented in; 63% of Mental Health Approved Units 40% of Mental Health Residential Services 63% of Older Persons Services 49% of Disabilities Services				
	The programme engaged with the Mental Health Com routine audit and quality improvement across service			policy as part of	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2019	The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland Programme continued to promote and improve the ongoing implementation of the Tobacco Free Campus Policy across all healthcare sites and services.				
	During 2019, the programme issued a survey to all Social Care (older persons and disability) and mental health services to assess the level of policy implementation nationally. Primary care services have fully implemented the policy previously. Survey results found that the policy was implemented in; - 46% of Mental Health Approved Units (based on survey uptake rate of 68% of sites) - 10% of Mental Health Residential Services (based on survey uptake rate of 15% of sites) - 7% of Disability Residential Services (based on survey uptake rate of 53% of sites) - 81% of Older Persons Residential Services (based on survey uptake rate of 53% of sites) - 81% of Older Persons Residential Services (based on survey uptake rate of 53% of sites) Mental Health Ireland and the TFI Programme partnered to host a national conversation cafe on <i>Smoking,</i> <i>Mental Health and Recovery</i> . This was the first time that mental health services users, staff and policy makers had been brought together to examine the relationship between smoking and mental health and to have an open, honest and direct conversation where all perspectives on this issue were articulated and recorded. More than 70 stakeholders from lived experience of mental health challenges, services providers, supporters, smoker and ex-smokers came together on an equal footing, in the spirit of co-production, to tell the story of how things are now in terms of smoking and mental health and to contribute to a solution-focused plan for the future. The TFI Programme ran an incentivised Tobacco Free Campus quality improvement process for the first time in 2019 with an allocated budget of €100,000 to encourage quality improvement in tobacco ontrol across the health services. The programme awarded quality improvement bursaries to healthcare services who were able to demonstrate innovation, sustainability and internal compliance building in Tobacco Free Campus Policy implementation. The initiative involved each site completing a GNTH audit and developing a subsequent				
7.3	Develop and introduce legislation to prohibit smoking within the campuses of primary schools, secondary schools and child care facilities. The promotion of tobacco free campuses and the denormalisation of tobacco, particularly in the context of settings where children are present, are ongoing topics in all engagement that take place	DOH TACU	<ol> <li>Review previous         legislation for primary and secondary schools and check if it could be fit for purpose.         Define child care facilities and explore how         </li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Initiate Q2 2016</li> <li>Initiate Q2 2016</li> <li>Initiate Q3</li> </ol>	
	with a wide range of stakeholders within the scope of Health and Wellbeing Programme's work.		legislation might be framed. 3. Initiate legislative process.	2016	
-	Scheduled for action in 2016				
Update 2015 Update 2016 - 2017	Scheduled for action in 2016 To be rescheduled due to competing priorities.				
	Rescheduled to 2019 due to competing priorities.				

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Update 2019	<ul> <li>Due to competing legislative priorities, it was agreed between stakeholders to progress this recommendation through co-operation rather than enacting further legislation at this time.</li> <li>In 2019, the DOH met with the DCYA to explore potential actions to progress the Tobacco Free Ireland agenda through Early Learning and Care and School-Age Childcare settings. DoH welcomes the focus placed on denormalising tobacco use in DCYA's Universal Design Guidelines for Early Learning and Care settings published on 10th June 2019.</li> <li>Following a stakeholder consultation process earlier this year, a decision was made to include DOH questions relating to "smoke free campus" for child care facilities in The Annual Early Years Sector Profile Report 2019/2020 (AEYSP). DOH continues to engage with Department of Education and Skills (DES) to progress the "smoke free schools" agenda.</li> </ul>				
7.4	Promote tobacco free campuses for all third-level institutions in consultation with key stakeholders.	DOH H&WB P	Health and Wellbeing Programme to engage with Higher Education Institutes and other stakeholders to introduce tobacco free campuses as part of Healthy Campus initiative. Engage with 3rd level	Initiate Q2 2014 and on- going	
Update 2014	The DOH H&WBP is working with the Department of Education and Skills (DES) to identify potential barriers or progress and find solutions, and to exploit opportunities to progress a 'Health in All Policies' approach especially in terms of embedding and integrating health and wellbeing into the educational agenda, across primary, post-primary, higher and further education. Discussions have also commenced with DES on the development of a 'Healthy Ireland Campus' framework in				
Update 2015	the context of their progress towards Healthy Campuses. The H&W P continues to engage closely with the Department of Education and Skills on health and wellbeing matters with particular emphasis on tobacco control matters. ASH Ireland continues with its advocacy work				
Update 2016	with third level colleges on tobacco free campuses.The HSE continued to facilitate ongoing engagement with tobacco stakeholders through our Partners Group.Learnings and resources from Tobacco Free Campus implementation in the health services shared with thirdlevel institutions and partners ASH Ireland etc. HSE supported the ASH Ireland Third level Tobacco Free Campusconference event held in November 2016.				
Update 2017	Conference event held in November 2016. The HSE continued to facilitate ongoing engagement with tobacco stakeholders through the Partners Group and responded to a number of requests for support in terms of TFC implementation - Trinity College Dublin, College of Further Education, Carlow IT and University of Limerick. Further progress made by DOH H&WBP in engaging with the 3rd level sector in pursuing a Healthy Campus initiative throughout the year with a view to roll out in 2018.				

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Update 2018	responded to a number of requests for support in terms of Tobacco Free Campus implementation from variou third level institutions. The HSE is now represented on a newly formed Tobacco Free Campus Committee at University College Cork with a view to working towards the college introducing a Tobacco Free Campus Policy i 2019/2020. There was ongoing engagement with an academic group to develop the 'Making every contact count'				
	curriculum for undergraduate health curricula across all the major third level institutions. The curriculum includes a module on best practice in brief intervention for smoking cessation as well as modules on heal eating, physical activity and misuse of alcohol. The programme was developed by the HSE in partnership the Higher Educational Institutions and is being implemented in a phased basis across all institutions since January 2018.				
Update 2019	<ul> <li>The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland Programme held an exploratory meeting with the University of Limerick in terms of Tobacco Free Campus implementation.</li> <li>The HSE is represented on the Tobacco Free Campus Committee at University College Cork with the college working towards introducing a Tobacco Free Campus Policy in the near future.</li> </ul>				
7.5	Promote tobacco free campuses for all health care, governmental and sporting facilities in consultation with key stakeholders.	1.HSE 2. DOH H&W P	<ol> <li>HSE to continue implementation of tobacco free campuses on its sites.</li> <li>DOH H&amp;WB P to engage with Healthy Ireland Cross- Sectoral group to promote tobacco free campuses.</li> <li>DOH H&amp;WB P working with a corporate partner to develop a tobacco free campus toolkit for general use.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>1. On-going</li> <li>2.On-going</li> <li>3.On-going</li> </ol>	
Update 2014	The Department of Health campus is a smoke free campus. All HSE acute hospitals have implemented the HSE Tobacco Free Campus policy. By December 2014, 69% (of the 70% target) of Primary Care sites implemented the National Tobacco Free Campus Policy. The DOH H&WBP received funding to create a tool to support Tobacco Free Campuses. This project will be a partnership initiative under the Healthy Ireland Framework. This will enable and encourage employers to make their campuses tobacco free and will support the national aims of changing norms around smoking, enable and empower participation by the wider society, promote and encourage smoking cessation in the context of a healthy workplace.				

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
	The Department of Health and most of its aegis bodies , along with Department of Children and Youth Affairs have implemented Tobacco Free Campuses policies.				
	A project group was set up to develop the Tobacco Fro the design and scoping of the project with a view to co	-			
Work on the Healthy Workplaces Framework continued in 2015 with the establishment of a cross s working group to progress this work. Initial consultation with stakeholders was carried out and this continue into 2016. 105 sites of the targeted 106 Primary Care sites have implemented the TFC pol shared site in Area 9 is working towards implementation - 99% achieved. 39% of the 100% target f Health Approved/Acute units have implemented the TFC policy to year end. 25% of Mental Health services were targeted to implement the policy and 96% of that target was achieved. Older Persons have implemented the TFC Policy in 40% of sites to end Q4. Overachieved on their 20% target . Dis services have implemented the policy in 15% of sites. (Target for 2015 was 25%). 4 of the 12 TUSLA sites targeted (33.3%) implemented TFC. A TFC Toolkit and mental health briefing document was d consultation with divisional representatives. Designer/printer assigned to work on same. Due to be early 2016.					
Update 2016	Ongoing support and sharing of resources provided to the implementation of their tobacco free clubs initiati campus implementation toolkit to support the develo resource.	ve. HSE worke	ed with the DOH and shared	our tobacco free	
Update 2017	The HSE TFI Programme/QUIT partnered with the GAA August 13th 2017. On that date Croke Park made its s the GAA has nominated one of its All-Ireland series se year's theme has been inspired by the GAA's Healthy phase two of the project have become tobacco-free ze that direction.	tadium compl mi-finals to pr Club Project. <i>F</i>	etely tobacco free. Each yea romote a significant health n A total of 25 of the 60 clubs p	ar since 2014, nessage and this participating in	
	It is hoped that the #hurlthehabit themed semi-final v to become smoke-free zones too as Ireland strives tov See action 7.1/7.2 re supportive national workshops h engagement with the Mental Health Commission.	vards its 2025	tobacco-free target.		
	Implementation of Tobacco Free Campuses is as follow Mental Health Approved Centres 63%, Mental Health Centres 45%, Older Persons Services 63% and Disability	Residential Ce	entres 38%, Mental Health C		
	Smoke free toolkit available at: http://www.healthyiro tobacco-free-campus-toolkit/introduction/ Smoking in workplace campuses is part of the Health process.	-			

Chapter and	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
no.					
Update 2018	The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland (TFI) Programme invest				
	the Tobacco Free Campus Policy at Galway Acute Mer		-	-	
	best practice in an acute mental health setting. Variou				
	and improve implementation of the HSE Tobacco Free		-		
	included a range of services with shared governance.				
	engaged service user and family member groups from	the outset ac	daressing their concerns and	reassuring ther	
	of the planned holistic approach.				
	A Tobacco Free Campus Implementation workshop w	as facilitated b	by the HSE TFI Programme or	n the 18th	
	October for community and hospital staff who are ide				
	policy implementation process. Staff were provided w	ith profiles of	their respective Community	Healthcare	
	Organisations in terms of what sites have reported po	licy implemer	ntation and those where imp	lementation is	
	outstanding. A reporting process was also agreed for 2	2019 whereby	work to support TFC implen	nentation will b	
	captured and provided to the HSE TFI Programme.				
	The Programme also developed a new survey for com	munity service	es in order to effectively cap	ture policy	
	implementation status in greater detail for 2019.				
	The HSE TFI Programme entered into a partnership with Athletics Ireland to support tobacco free policy				
	implementation across all Atheltics Association of Irel	and sporting E	Events to commence on Nati	onal No-	
	Smoking Day 2019. With 60,000 members across 340	clubs national	ly, this development has the	potential to	
	make a huge contribution to a Tobacco Free Ireland. I	n Quarter 4 of	2018, a joint plan was devel	oped to engage	
	service users at all levels to develop a communication	strategy using	g messages that would resor	ate with all	
	members of the AAI community; athletes, coaches, tir		•	• •	
	volunteers, clubhouse staff etc. The Irish Cancer Socie	ty's Exhale pro	ogramme was also in this pla	in.	
	Throughout 2018, the HSE TFI Programme provided a	dvice and supp	port to the Irish Prison Servic	e (IPS) regardir	
	the implementation of a Tobacco Free Campus policy	which include	d toolkits and training along	with advice on	
	planning, delivering and evaluating potential enhance	ments to TFC.	This engagement and suppo	ort continues	
	into the 2019 work plan.				
	The HSE TFI Programme has engaged with the Mental	Health Comm	nission to include tobacco co	ntrol measures	
	in routine audits. These commenced in 2018. The prop				
	report early in 2019 where findings from this audit wi	-	-		
	training for Mental Health Commission inspectors in J	anuary 2018.	There has also been engager	nent with the	
	Service User, Family Member and Carer (SUFMC) grou	p to enlist the	eir support for the tobacco co	ontrol agenda.	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
Update 2019	Mental Health Ireland and the TFI Programme partnered to host a national conversation cafe on "Smoking, Mental Health and Recovery'' in July 2019. This was the first time that mental health services users, staff and policy makers had been brought together to examine the relationship between smoking and mental health and to have an open, honest and direct conversation where all perspectives on this issue were articulated and recorded. More than 70 stakeholders from lived experience of mental health challenges, services providers, supporters, smokers and ex-smokers came together on an equal footing, in the spirit of co-production, to tell the story of how things are now in terms of smoking and mental health and to contribute to a solution-focused plan for the future.			
	initiative. Smoking is now prohibited outside all buildings on the Sport Ireland Campus, including the Sport Ireland National Aquatic Centre and Sport Ireland National Indoor Arena. New smoking shelters are located to the rear of the buildings, and no smoking signage installed throughout the campus will cater for customers and users of all offices and facilities throughout the campus.			
	Sport Ireland Safeguarding Guidance for Children and Young People in Sport advises organisations to acknowledge that the use of drugs, alcohol and tobacco is incompatible with a healthy approach to sporting activity and must be discouraged.			
	In 2019 Athletics Ireland signed the charter for Tobacco Free Sport as part of Athletics Ireland commitment to the National Tobacco Free Ireland Strategy (2013 – 2025). Athletics Ireland has committed to creating Tobacco Free Sport at its championships and national events to help improve health and wellbeing. This will also be achieved by branding and messaging at national events and by promoting national QUIT services to its members and through interactive education initiatives with children, young people and sports leaders.			
	The TFI Programme awarded quality improvement bursaries to healthcare services for innovation, sustainability and compliance building in Tobacco Free Campus Policy implementation. A total of 21 services (13 acute hospital and 8 mental health services) participated in the bursary competition, with awards being made to 18 services (See section 7.1 / 7.2)			
	The HSE also provided advice and support to the Irish Prison Service throughout 2019 for the implementation of a tobacco free policy in the Progression Unit at Mountjoy Prison. The HSE trained prison staff as stop smoking advisors and supported the prison service to supply Nicotine Replacement Therapy to individuals making a quit attempt. The HSE has carried out research at the prison pre and post policy implementation. The data collected will be examined in 2020.			
7.6	Further develop the tobacco free playgrounds initiative in conjunction with the local authorities by way of voluntary measures or by the introduction of bye-laws.	DOH H&W P	DOH H&WB P to engage with Inter-Departmental Group on Local and Community Development	Initiate Q2 2014
7.7	Promote tobacco free environments and in particular parks and beaches in conjunction with the local authorities by voluntary measures or by the introduction of bye-laws.		and the City and County Managers Association to include health and wellbeing as a key pillar in economic and community planning process. Liaise with ASH Ireland on work to date in this area.	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
	By the end of 2014, 82% of Local Authorities had either playground policy on foot of representations from AS		d or agreed to implement a	smokefree	
Update 2015	The H&W P continues to collaborate with these departments on a wide range of issues including the denormalisation of tobacco use and the protection of children from exposure to smoke in public areas. See 7.1 above.				
Update 2016	The National Healthy Cities and Counties of Ireland Ne underscoring the importance of local action and the k health and sustainable development.		_	-	
The Healthy Ireland Fund was announced in Budget 2017, the fund will help drive the cross-g approach as set out in the Healthy Ireland Framework to improve the mental and physical he of the population, including actions to support Tobacco Free Ireland.					
Update 2017	The DOH invited Local Community Development Committees (LCDCs) and Children and Young People's Services Committees (CYPSCs) to apply for Healthy Ireland Pobal funding (5 million). The HSE TFI programme drafted a guidance document detailing appropriate tobacco control projects which could be considered for the LCDC/CYPSCs to apply for funding. 15 LCDC/CYPSCs applied to complete Tobacco projects, all of which were strategically aligned with Healthy Ireland and TFI and all were approved and funded. These projects range from the development of tobacco free home initiatives in disadvantaged communities to tobacco free playgrounds and enhanced community engagement/communication and signage for same, to funding further X-Hale projects and other youth and tobacco control prevention work . All projects are designed to target disadvantaged areas and those vulnerable to health inequalities.				
Update 2018	The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland programme and Health committees to progress the development of tobacco free preparatory work in Wicklow for launch of tobacco free	free playgrour	nds in Limerick city and coun		
	In relation to the tobacco free playgrounds initiative a following schemes are supported by the Healthy Irela		tion of tobacco free environ	ments, the	
	Tobacco Free Limerick: Support for the denormalisation on outside public places and spaces where children an Tobacco Free Fingal: Empower CLG (formerly known a create a Tobacco Free County; Galway - Promoting Healthy Outdoor Play – Smoke free Roscommon – Smoke Free Homes Project.	nd young peop as BAP) lead th	ble frequent in Limerick; he roll out of an interagency		
	In relation to the promotion of Tobacco free areas, th development of new Smoke free zone signage that wi	-	_		

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2019	D19 The HSE supported Health Limerick to develop a smoke free space initiative entitled Not Around Us. Launched to coincide with World No Tobacco Day 2019, Not Around Us has promoted an environment where is easier for those who smoke to quit and remain smoke free and helps to de-normalise smoking for the next generation through shaping policy development, signalling out appropriate areas for no-smoking signage, engaging on the effects of second hand smoking and raising awareness of the supports for those who wish to quit smoking. The Not Around Us signage can be seen in areas where young people play and learn such as par playgrounds and schools.				
Not Around Us is another step Towards a Tobacco Free Limerick. This initiative is a HSE funded partnersh a range of stakeholders - HSE, Limerick Local Community Development Committee, Limerick Comhairle e Limerick Children and Young People's Services Committee, Limerick Childcare Committee, Healthy Irelan ASH Ireland, Council of the Irish Heart Foundation. There was continued implementation in 2019 of smoke free public area initiatives in Limerick, Fingal, Ga and Roscommon. A new initiative was launched in Wicklow with 'Tobacco – Free' signs placed in six playgrounds, outdoor gym areas, other local amenities (such as at the local Duck Pond) and in the 'Mom Time' garden in the Arklow Municipal District area. The new signs also show contact details of services to available, free-of-charge, to all adults seeking support to quit.				nhairle na nÓg, hy Ireland and ingal, Galway n six ne 'Moments in	
7.8	Evaluate the tobacco free environment initiatives with a view to the introduction of legislation if required.	DOH TACU	DOH TACU and H&WB P to evaluate 7.4 to 7.7 to assess progress and need for further action.	Initiate Q1 2016	
Update 2014	Scheduled for action in 2016				
Update 2015	Continued to promote tobacco free environments.				
Update 2016	HSE staff sit on each of the LCDC groups. Each LCDC was required to complete a 6 year Local Economic and Community Plan (LECP) in 2016. The plan includes two elements: a local economic element (prepared and adopted by the Local Authority), and a community development element (prepared and adopted by the LCDC). THE HSE conducted a review of these high level plans in 2016 (September) to determine the number of actions which have a tobacco control focus. 11 of the 32 plans had a tobacco focus although others had high level Healthy Ireland actions. Health & Wellbeing (Healthy Ireland programme) gathered the HSE LCDC representatives together as well as external stakeholders e.g. Dept. of Housing. Planning Community and Local Government three times in 2016 to coordinate and advise on the HI actions which we would like to see included in annual action plans. The HSE TFI programme produced a resource to support this work (list of practical actions to support denormalisation) for LCDCs and presented on tobacco control at these meetings.				
Update 2017	The HSE TFI Programme presented a number of times group on the work of the HSE TFI programme and on agenda through HI funding. (See 7.5 above)			•	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2018	The HSE TFI Programme presented a number of times group on the work of the HSE TFI programme and on agenda through HI funding, it also drafted a number of These were included in a guidance document for HI fu support and guidance to the Tobacco Free Limerick pr local authority, the development of tobacco free polic and youth group involvement in EXHALE). This project ongoing work continues into 2019.	proposed initi of key tobacco inding propos oject (the dev cies for Local a	atives to support the Tobacc control actions which LCDCs als. The Programme specifica elopment of tobacco free by uthority staff, cessation sup	o Free Ireland could action. ally provided laws within the port provision	
	The programme suggests that having implemented internal policy and advocated for policy and voluntar in external organisations for the past 7 years the development of legislation to cover places where vulne adults and children and families gather such as tobacco free pre - schools, creches child care facilities, scl prisons and health services should be strongly considered and would help achieve a Tobacco Free Ireland				
Update 2019	The HSE TFI programme reiterates that having implemented internal policy and advocated for policy and voluntary codes both within the health services and in external organisations for the past 8 years the development of legislation to cover places where vulnerable adults and children and families gather such as tobacco free pre - schools, creches child care facilities, schools, prisons and health services should be strongly considered and would help achieve a Tobacco Free Ireland.				
Legislative con	npliance and regulating the retail environment				
8.1	Continue to actively promote compliance with and enforce all provisions of the Public Health (Tobacco) Act 2002 as amended.	HSE	HSE Annual Service Plan commitment.	On-going	
Update 2014					
Update 2015	<ul> <li>17972 tobacco control inspections including 552 test purchases (sales to minors) inspections conducted, 83% of which were compliant.</li> <li>The 2015 target for test purchasing was met nationally with test purchase activity undertaken in all local areas.</li> <li>Overall compliance with the Public Health (Tobacco) Act has been high. There were 28 court cases for tobacco related offences resulting in 31 convictions in 2015.</li> </ul>				
Update 2016	<ul> <li>HSE continued with the publication of convictions quarterly on the HSE website.</li> <li>In 2016 the HSE National Environmental Health Service (EHS) Tobacco Control Inspection Programme carried out the following:</li> <li>16,131 inspections were completed , of which 12,997 were compliant, representing 80.6% compliance,</li> <li>540 test purchases of tobacco products to minors were carried out, of which 472 were compliant, representing 87% compliance. The 2016 target for test purchasing was met.</li> <li>31 tobacco related court cases took place in 2016 resulting in 35 convictions. One case is currently on appeal to the Circuit Court.</li> <li>HSE continued to publish a convictions report quarterly on the HSE website.</li> </ul>				

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2017	In 2017 the HSE National Environmental Health Servic out the following: • 15,064 inspections were completed , of which 12,10 in this inspection figure are 30 inspections of manufac businesses and the procurement of samples of such p	8 were compl cturer and reta	iant, representing 80% comp ailer of e-cigarettes and refill	pliance. Included containers	
	<ul> <li>were undertaken in relation to the implementation of the Tobacco Products Directive as transposed in the Republic of Ireland in the European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Products) Regulations 2016 as amended.</li> <li>429 test purchases of tobacco products to minors were carried out, of which 386 were compliant,</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>429 test purchases of tobacco products to minors w representing 90% compliance. The 2017 target for tes</li> <li>17 convictions were secured in respect of prosecution</li> </ul>	t purchasing v	vas met.		
	<ul> <li>smoking and the provision of signage in workplaces, a</li> <li>HSE continued to publish a convictions report quart</li> </ul>	nd sales of to	bacco products to minors.		
	and 35 complaints in relation to TPD were received ar	45 Cross-Border Distance Sales registrations were processed up to 31st. December 2017. *A total of 553 queries and 35 complaints in relation to TPD were received and responded to by the National Tobacco Control Operational Unit (NTCOU) as a priority, and as further means to build and ensure compliance with the legislation.			
Update 2018	co Control Inspection Progra	amme carried			
	• 14,432 inspections were completed, of which 1,128 were compliant, representing 78% compliand in this inspection figure are 58 inspections of manufacturers, importers, distributors and cigarettes and refill containers which were carried out by the National Tobacco Control Operation				
	19 samples of e-cigarettes and refill containers were p Control Operational Unit.	procured for d	esk-top analysis by the Natic	onal Tobacco	
	These activities were undertaken in relation to the im transposed in the Republic of Ireland as the European and Related Products) Regulations 2016 as amended.	Union (Manu			
	There were 4 RAPEX Alerts initiated by the Health Ser- liquids).				
	There were 2 RAPEX Alerts received from other Memb December of 2018 were still under investigation at ye		ch were investigated, a furth	er 2 received in	
	<ul> <li>587 test purchase inspections were carried out, of w The KPI target of 384 initial test purchase inspections</li> <li>31 convictions were secured in respect of prosecutio smoking and the provision of signage in workplaces, a</li> </ul>	for 2018 was i n cases taken	net. for non-compliance with the		
<ul> <li>HSE continues to publish a convictions report quarterly on the HSE website.</li> <li>8 Cross-Border Distance Sales registrations were processed up to 31 December 2018.</li> <li>*A total of 252 queries and 51 complaints in relation to TPD were received and responded to b Tobacco Control Operational Unit.</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>An examination and report on a cohort of Irish Duty Illicit Trade survey was undertaken with particular ref Packaging of Tobacco) Act 2015 and regulations made</li> </ul>	erence to com		-	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
	In 2019 the HSE National Environmental Health Service out the following; • 15,105 inspections were completed, of which 12,38 Included in this inspection figure are X inspections of cigarettes and refill containers which were carried out, • 467 test purchase inspections were carried out, of w The KPI target of 384 initial test purchase inspections • A total of 115 complaints in relation to TPD were red Operational Unit. • 41 convictions were secured in respect of prosecutions smoking and the provision of signage in workplaces, a The following activities were undertaken in relation to transposed in the Republic of Ireland as the European and Related Products) Regulations 2016 (SI 271 of 202 • 44 inspections of manufacturers, importers, distribu- were carried out by the National Tobacco Control Ope • 1 RAPEX Alert was initiated by the HSE relating to un received from other Member States which were invess • 13 Cross-Border Distance Sales registrations were pu-	6 were compl manufacturer t by the Natio which 404 wer for 2019 was ceived and res on cases taken on cases taken of the implement the implement of the implemen	iant, representing 82% comp rs, importers, distributors and nal Tobacco Control Operatio e compliant, representing 86 met. sponded to by the National T in for non-compliance with th bacco products to minors. entation of the Tobacco Produ afacture, Presentation and Sa ed: ailers of e-cigarettes and refill (NTCOU). ntainers (e-liquids) and 6 RAP to 31 December 2019.	liance. d retailers of e- onal Unit. .5% compliance. obacco Control e prohibition of ucts Directive as le of Tobacco
8.2	Introduce fixed penalty notices (on the spot fines) for offences.	DOH TACU	To be explored in Retail Licensing Bill.	See 8.7 to 8.12 below
Update 2014 -	See 8.7 to 8.12 below			
2019				-
8.3	Develop capacity within the HSE's Environmental Health Service to maintain consistent and sustained enforcement of all aspects of the tobacco control legislation.	HSE	Compliance levels reviewed and legislative provisions with most non- compliance targeted.	On-going
Update 2014	The HSE's Environmental Health Service (EHS) inspect Complaints from the public, test purchasing and the in			
Update 2015				

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame		
Update 2016	<ul> <li>As part of the Reconfiguration of the National Environmental Health Service the National Tobacco Control</li> <li>Operational Unit incorporating the National Tobacco Control Office was established with full time and part time specialist officers drawn from within the existing resources of the National Environmental Health Service. In addition, a National Tobacco Control Steering Committee was established to provide strategic management and oversight and represent the Principal Environmental Health Officers working at local level. The Unit will be augmented in 2017 with the addition of two permanent Senior Environmental Health Officers and a Grade IV administration staff and toxicological and/or other expert support as a result of Department of Health funding to assist in the implementation of the Tobacco Products Directive.</li> <li>The EHS is further developing the EH Information System to capture tobacco inspection activity and to assist in targeting areas on non-compliance. Complaints from the public, test purchasing and the investigation of smoking shelters are prioritised in the EHS operational plan.</li> <li>Standard operational protocols relating to tobacco were reviewed . The EHS worked with the Department of Health in the introduction of the European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Products) Regulations 2016 which transposed the Tobacco Products Directive.</li> </ul>					
Update 2017						
Update 2018	The HSE EHS is continuing to develop and maintain th tobacco inspection activity and to assist in targeting a purchasing, and the investigation of smoking shelters Information gathering and development of expertise National Tobacco Control Operational Unit. Manufacturers and importers of refill containers in th with the requirements of the European Union (Manuf Products) Regulations 2016 as amended. Cross-Border Distance Sales applications for registrati Joint Action involvement with other EU Member State	reas of non-co are prioritised in market surv e State were in acture, Preser on were proce	ompliance. Complaints from I in the EHS operational plan eillance was a priority in 201 hspected in 2018 to check fo ntation and Sale of Tobacco a	the public, test for 2019. 8 for the r compliance and Related		

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2019	<ul> <li>P The Environmental Health Information System (EHIS) captures EHS activity under the Public Health (Tobacco) Acts 2002 as amended and regulations made thereunder and SI 271 of 2016 as amended. Functionality on EH was enhanced to record additional aspects of SI 271 of 2016 as amended. Data on EHIS was used to assist the service in targeting areas of non-compliance.</li> <li>The underlying ethos of the EH Business Plan 2019 was bringing areas of non-compliance into compliance. Priority was given to investigating complaints, the inspection of smoking shelters and tobacco test purchasing test purchasing mail shot initiative was developed to communicate with tobacco retailers their legal obligation in relation to sales to minors. A review of tobacco control test purchase protocol was completed.</li> </ul>				
Protocols were developed to support the functions of the National Tobacco Control Operational Un Joint Action involvement with other EU Member States is on-going to enhance regulation of the Tob Products Directive 2014/40/EU.					
8.4	Develop special investigation capacity within the HSE's Environmental Health Service to assess compliance by tobacco manufacturers.	HSE	The reconfiguration of the Environmental Health Service will consider this recommendation.	Q2 2015	
Update 2014	In 2014, the EHS commenced a process for the development of a national Tobacco Control Operational Unit with an increase in whole time equivalents (WTEs) dedicated to this area of EHS activity. The unit will undertake critical tasks to ensure there is assessment of compliance by tobacco manufacturers with tobacco control legislation.				
Update 2015					
Update 2016	In 2016 the HSE National Environmental Health Servic commenced the implementation of the Tobacco Prod procedures to ensure consistency of enforcement.		-		
Update 2017	In 2017 the HSE National Environmental Health Service (EHS) National Tobacco Control Operational Unit continued the implementation of the Tobacco Products Directive (TPD) as transposed in the EU (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Products) Regulations 2016 as amended. An inspection and sampling programme was developed and implemented in respect of manufacturers and retailers of e-cigarettes and refill containers. A total of 30 inspections with related sampling of product were carried out in relation to e-cigarette and refill container manufacturers and retailers. One manufacturer of e-cigarettes and refill containers was inspected the remaining 4 manufacturers in the Republic of Ireland will be inspected by the Unit in 2018.				
Update 2018	In 2018 the HSE National Environmental Health Servic continued the implementation of the Tobacco Produc Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Produc desktop assessment programme was developed and i distributors and retailers of e-cigarettes and refill con	ts Directive as ts) Regulation mplemented i	transposed in the EU (Manus s 2016 as amended. An inspe n respect of manufacturers,	facture, ection and importers,	
	There are currently no tobacco manufacturers in Irela	nd.			

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
Update 2019	In 2019 the National Tobacco Control Operational Uni Products Directive as transposed in the EU (Manufact Products) Regulations 2016 as amended. There are currently no tobacco manufacturers in Irela distributors and retailers of e-cigarettes and refill con Operational Unit (NTCOU). The State Laboratory are the designated laboratory in monoxide emissions.	ure, Presenta nd. 44 inspect tainers were u	tion and Sale of Tobacco and tions of manufacturers, impo undertaken by the National T	Related rters, obacco Control
8.5	Introduce legislation for the publication of information in respect of any person on whom a fine, other penalty or conviction was imposed by a Court ('name and shame').	DOH TACU	Build on current HSE system for reporting on convictions and prosecutions via new Retail Licencing Bill.	See 8.7 to 8.12 below
- Update 2014 2019	See 8.7 to 8.12 below			
8.6	Collaborate with other EU countries in relation to compliance measures for tobacco ingredient reporting.	DOH TACU	Engage with European Commission to facilitate the transposition of the Tobacco Products Directive	Initiate Q2 2014
Update 2014	The DOH TACU is actively engaged with the European Directive into Irish law by 20th May 2016	Commission	to develop regulations to tra	nspose the
Update 2015	The DOH TACU continues to be actively engaged with transpose the Directive into Irish law by 20th May 202	-	Commission to develop reg	ulations to
Update 2016	The European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and (S.I. No. 271 of 2016) which transposed the Tobacco P EHS commenced a participatory process in the EU's Jo Member States to facilitate the implementation of the	Products Direction Problems	tive came into force on 20 M	ay 2016. The
Update 2017	The European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Products) Regulations 2016 (S.I. No. 271 of 2016) which transposed the Tobacco Products Directive came into force on 20 May 2016 and was amended in 2017. The EHS continued to participate in the EU's Joint Action Programme on Tobacco Control with other Member States to facilitate the implementation of the Directive. The DOH TACU continued its participation in the EU Expert Group on Tobacco Policy and its subgroups, including the sub-group on ingredients.			
Update 2018	A selection of boxed cigarettes and roll-your-own (RYO) tobacco products requested by the EU Commission were purchased and shipped to a specified laboratory in the EU. These products along with others selected from other members states were to undergo assessment of sensory profiles and, where appropriate, chemical analysis with a view to assist in decisions on whether the tobacco product imparts a characterising flavour. In particular, to assist with specification of the methodology in determining whether a tobacco product has a characterising flavour.			
	The DOH TACU continued its participation in the EU E including the sub-group on ingredients.	xpert Group o	n Tobacco Policy and its sub	groups,
Update 2019	The HSE Environmental Health Service are collaborati member states.	ng in the Joint	Action on Tobacco Control v	vith other

•	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame			
<u>no.</u> 8.7 - 8.12	Regulate the tobacco retail environment.	DOH TACU	Consider the implementation of recommendations 8.7 to 8.12 in the forthcoming Retail Licencing Bill.	1. Initiate Q1 2014 2. Memo to Government Q2 2014 3. Public Consultation Q4 2014 4. Progress legislation Q1- Q4 2015			
Update 2014	In June 2014, the Government approved the dra a licensing system and other measures in relation delivery systems, including e-cigarettes.	-	-				
Update 2015	Public Consultation completed. Development c	ublic Consultation completed. Development of a RIA and drafting of the General Scheme of Bill underway.					
Update 2016	Drafting of RIA and the General Scheme of Bill u	nderway.					
Update 2017	Drafting of the RIA and the General Scheme of t	he Bill continues.					
Update 2018	Consultation with relevant agencies and bodies took place. Drafting of the Regulatory Impact Analysis and the General Scheme of the Bill continues.						
	<ul> <li>HSE / EHS.</li> <li>On October 22 2019 the Minister for Health rec (Tobacco and Nicotine Inhaling Products) Bill. The Tobacco Free Ireland, will:</li> <li>- introduce a licensing system for the sale of (a) an annual fee per premises for the sale of such,</li> <li>- prohibit the sale of tobacco products from self</li> <li>- prohibit the sale of tobacco products from model prohibit the sale of tobacco products and nico</li> <li>- prohibit the sale of tobacco products and nico</li> <li>- prohibit the sale of nicotine inhaling products</li> <li>persons under 18 years is already prohibited und</li> <li>- prohibit the sale of tobacco products at events</li> <li>- introduce minimum suspension periods for toberto introduce fixed penalty notices (on the spot find)</li> <li>- provide for the publication of information in reconviction is imposed by a court ('name and share)</li> <li>The Minister has referred the General Scheme collegislative scrutiny.</li> <li>- Parallel to the pre-legislative scrutiny process, to the spot of the spit of the solution of th</li></ul>	tobacco products a in such an amount -service vending m bile units/containe tine inhaling produ to persons under 1 der the Public Heal s/locations primaril pacco retailers com nes) for offences espect of any perso ame') of the Bill to the Join the Minister formall vith DOH. Once the	tion, in line with recommend and (b) nicotine inhaling prod as may be determined by th achines rs cts by those under 18 years 8 years (the sale of tobacco   th (Tobacco) Acts 2002-2015 y intended for persons unde victed of offences n on whom a fine, other per nt Oireachtas Committee on y requested the Office of Pa Bill is drafted, the Minister v	dations of ducts to include e Minister products to i) r 18 years alty or Health for pre- rliamentary			

Chapter and	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
<u>9.1</u>	An active research and survey programme on tobacco should be put in place to include areas such as supply and demand, prevention and treatment, exposure to second-hand smoke and industry marketing initiatives.	DOH TACU HSE DOH H&WB P	<ol> <li>Engage with key stakeholders to identify research requirement.</li> <li>Surveillance of tobacco use through HSE Tracker, Healthy Ireland and Health Behaviour in School Children Surveys.</li> </ol>	1.Initiate Q1 2015 2. Q2 2014 and on-going
9.2	This survey programme is to include a single, reliable and regular collation of smoking prevalence rates.	DOH TACU	Standardised survey questions on tobacco developed in conjunction with HSE and WHO	2014 and on- going
Update 2014	This survey programme is to include a single, reliable and regular collation of smoking prevalence rates.       DOH TACU       Standardised survey questions on tobacco developed in conjunction with HSE and WHO       2014		imong the IO. Additional National Drug related ed out in 2014 ional University esults will be An updated nce Unit and aterloo, Canada ts. ns of electronic to received essation.	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
Update 2015	Wave 1 of the Healthy Ireland Survey was published a The Irish Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (H			urvey.
	The Tobacco Free Research Institute Ireland (TFRI) pu packaging of tobacco packing among Irish teenagers a population.			
	The HSE National Tobacco Control Office (NTCO), con- smoking prevalence report for 2015 was compiled in a posted on the HSE's website. Research to evaluate the level medical students in Connolly Hospital published	conjunction w e use of BISC t	th the HSE's Health Intellig	ence Unit and
	Tender awarded to ICF International to carry out an a for publication in 2016.			
Update 2016	<ul> <li>Tender awarded to Tobacco Free Research Institute for the ESPAD Survey, due for publication in 2016.</li> <li>Wave 2 of the Healthy Ireland Survey was published and work commenced on Wave 3 of the survey. An assessment of the economic cost of smoking in Ireland was published. The Tobacco Free Research Institute published the ESPAD Report which was commissioned by the DOH. Summary reports on the findings of the HSE tracker research survey including quarterly info-graphic type reports have been published on the HSE web-site for 2016. A further analysis of prevalence, socio demographic patterns and type of tobacco products being used by smokers took place in 2016. A report on same due to be published in 2017.</li> </ul>			
Update 2017	Wave 3 of the Healthy Ireland Survey was published a collection of baseline data to assist evaluate the impa HIQA published the HTA of smoking cessation interve Summary reports on the findings of the HSE tracker r reports have been published on the HSE web-site for Point of Sale Tobacco and E Cigarettes (Po STEC) Surve knowledge, attitudes and shop controls with regard to	ict of standard ntions. esearch surve 2017. The HSE ey of retail cou	ised packaging. y including quarterly info-g Environmental Health Serv inter staff to help ascertain	raphic type vice undertook a n levels of
Update 2018	Summary reports on the findings of the HSE tracker re reports have been published on the HSE website for 2	-	including half yearly info-	graphic type
	A qualitative research study concerning attitudes and out involving focus groups of transition year students See action 9.3 for a description of the full range of res	in three secor	ndary schools. Results are b	eing analysed.
	The Healthy Ireland Survey includes a smoking/tobace from 23% of the population in 2015 and 2016 to 20% has reduced more sharply in wealthy areas than in the module on the impact of plain packaging has been inc the introduction of plain packaging will be published in	in 2018. Howe ose considered cluded. Results	ever, it is clear that the num d disadvantaged. In 2018 a from this two -year study	nber of smokers nd 2019, a
	Wave 4 of the Healthy Ireland Survey was published a Survey includes a smoking/tobacco use module every population in 2015 and 2016 to 20% in 2018 (Wave 4 number of smokers has reduced more sharply in weal 2018 and 2019 (Waves 4-5), a module on the impact of attitudes to plain packaging before and after full intro	year. Smoking results). Howe Ithy areas thar of plain packag	g rates have reduced from 2 ever, it is clear from these r n in those considered disad ging has been included, des	23% of the esults that the vantaged. In signed to capture

•	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame		
no.	the introduction of plain packaging will be published 2018 is complete, the report is due to be published in		Report in October, 2019. Fiel	awork for HBSC		
	The DOH commenced engagement with the Central S smoking in Census 2021.	tatistics Office	in relation to the inclusion o	of a question on		
Update 2019	Wave 5 of the Healthy Ireland Survey was published i prevalence of smoking has dropped from 23% in 2015 165,000 fewer smokers than there were five years ag Plain packaging with health warnings, introduced und good motivation to quit. 40% of smokers have made motivator for people wanting to quit. In March 2019 the Census Advisory Group agreed to i 2021. The recommendation of the Group was subseq of many months of work by the HSE and the Departm information from the Census can contribute to the ev	5 to 17% in 20 b ler a new law i an attempt to nclude a ques uently agreed ent to feature	L9 which means there are no n 2018, was cited by 25% of quit, with health concerns b tion on the smoking of tobac by Government. The inclusio a question on smoking so th	w an estimated smokers as a eing the prime co in Census on was the result at detailed		
9.3	Tobacco control measures should be continuously evaluated to ascertain impacts and outcomes.	DOH TACU HSE	Evaluation built in to all tobacco control measures and carried out as appropriate, e.g., Audit of tobacco free campus, tobacco control legislation,	2014 and on- going		
			QUIT campaign, training in Brief Interventions and other measures and reported on. See 10.3 below.			
Update 2014	The HSE carried out an audit of eight Tobacco Free Ca	mpus sites in	2014.	L		
	The HSE QUIT Campaign is evaluated on an ongoing basis, measuring online, phone and digital uptake of support services, message impacts and smoking prevalence.					
	An evaluation of the Brief Intervention for Smoking Cessation Training Programme was completed in 2014. Preliminary analysis shows a positive impact on health professional skills in addressing tobacco use. An evaluation report is due at the end of April 2015.					
	See also 9.6 below.					
Update 2015	Health Services are encouraged to self audit their tob Smokefree Healthcare Service Standards. The HSE Q online, phone and digital uptake of support services, evaluation of Brief Intervention for Smoking Cessatio completion and publication of National BISC evaluation of BISC training by 2nd year (60 GEMs) general entry l	UIT Campaign message impa n Training Pro on report in 20	is evaluated on an ongoing b cts and smoking prevalence. gramme continues. Delay wi 15. RCSI completed research	basis, measuring Ongoing th the to evaluate use		

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2016	The RCSI completed a second year of training in BISC and evaluated the effectiveness of the skills in practice. Eve Holdings (Mental Health) implemented the HSE TFC policy within all their services and evaluated the use of the new revised smoking cessation group support resource. HSE completed a QUIT service customer satisfaction survey. The HSE QUIT Campaign was evaluated on an ongoing basis, measuring online, phone and digital uptake of support services, message impacts etc. The ban on smoking in cars children's campaign targeting parents was evaluated and had 656K views, 4.5 K shares, 1k comments and 12K interactions and a very high and positive engagement rate overall.				
Update 2017					
Update 2018	The HSE published three research reports in 2018; The State of Tobacco Control describes current tobact tobacco control measures in 2018 - https://www.hse.ie/eng/about/who/tobaccocontrol/ Youth Smoking in Ireland is a secondary analysis of the https://www.hse.ie/eng/about/who/tobaccocontrol/ Adult Smoking in Ireland is a secondary analysis of the https://www.hse.ie/eng/about/who/tobaccocontrol/ The programme also conducted a one month snap sh increased data such as gender, age, demographic pro provided and Nicotine Replacement Therapy use were practitioners and provided rich information on our se capacity will be improved post full implementation of The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland Programme successfull Free Campus policy implementation in EVE services. E services for adults with mental health disabilities. In 2 implemented in 16 of these centres. This study explor the EVE community setting. It was conducted in line w	tobaccofreeire e Health Beha tobaccofreeire e TILDA and He tobaccofreeire ot survey of in file, medical ca e captured. Th rvices for the S quit manager y engaged with VE, a program 2016, the Quit res the implem	eland/state-of-tobacco-contriviour in School Aged Childre eland/youth-smoking-report ealthy Ireland Wave 1 studie eland/adult-smoking-in-irela tensive cessation services w ard status, referral source, ty is represented an increased SOTC report (please note con ). h RCSI in a research evaluation me within the HSE provides Smoking Programme (QSP) we entation of this quit smokin	rol.pdf n Study - .pdf s - nd.pdf hereby ype of support data set for nsistent data on of Tobacco a network of was g programme in	

Chapter and	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
no.	<ul> <li>provide qualitative data, integrating the views and experiences or both service users and racilitators in relation to this programme's implementation. This study therefore provides richer accounts of the experiences of both staff and service users than that reported in the previous literature, taking full account of the complex issues which can shape the process of implementation in real world mental health services - https://www.hse.ie/eng/about/who/tobaccocontrol/campus/frontiers-implementation-of-a-quit-smoking-programme.pdf</li> <li>An evaluation of the QUIT campaign was commissioned and carried out by Coyne Research to to assess the campaign performance. The research found that overall, awareness of the campaign had decreased among th general smoking population compared to 2015 but was performing ahead of industry norms for public awareness campaigns. Awareness was at 71% among the campaign's key target group- male C2DE aged 24-44 The research also found that usage of e-cigarettes among current smokers was high – 53% and likelihood to u a QUIT service when quitting was low at 11%.</li> </ul>				
	The HSE TFI programme issued a a survey to the Community Health Organisations assessing the level of upon of the TFC policy. See actions 7.1/7.2 for more detail.				
Update 2019	<ul> <li>An evaluation of the QUIT campaign (<i>I will Survive</i>) was commissioned and carried out by Coyne Research to assess campaign performance in 2019.</li> <li>Awareness levels (of the campaign) were high with 66% awareness of the TV ad among the general population Having seen the ad, 1 in 3 people who smoke claimed that they had interacted with the campaign. 43% claim to have quit smoking or cut down on the amount of cigarettes smoked having seen the ad.</li> <li>Almost 1 in 2 people who smoke said that they were likely to act having seen the ad (either by quitting or engaging with QUIT services).</li> <li>The QUIT campaign worked closely with groups of people who smoke throughout 2019 to develop the next phase of the QUIT social marketing campaign. The new campaign <i>Curated by You</i>, will launch in 2020.</li> <li>The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland Programme issued a survey to the Community Healthcare Organisations assess the level of implementation of the Tobacco Free Campus Policy. See sections 7.1/7.2 for more detail.</li> </ul>				
	The Programme has an on-going quality assurance pro (QUIT phone service) against agreed standards.	ocess for mon	itoring commissioned Stop S	moking Services	
Protect people	e from tobacco smoke				
9.4	Develop and introduce legislation prohibiting smoking in cars where children are present, based on international evidence and good practice.	DOH TACU	Facilitate the progress of the Protection of Children's Health (Tobacco Smoke in Mechanically Propelled Vehicles) Bill 2014.	Complete Q1 2015	
9.5	Undertake a social marketing campaign focusing on the risks to children from exposure to second-hand smoke with particular reference to smoking in cars (and information on future legislation in this regard).	HSE	Await outcome of 9.4 and resources for same.	Initiate 2015	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2014	The DOH TACU working in consultation with the Attorney General's Office, the Department of Justice, the Department of Transport, Tourism and Sport, and the Garda Síochána developed amendments which were approved by Government to the Private Member's Bill "Protection of Children's Health from Tobacco Smoke Bill 2012". All Government-approved amendments brought by the Minister were accepted during Report Stage of the Private Member's Bill in Seanad Éireann on the 17th April 2014.				
	Following its passage through the Seanad, the legislat Protection of Children's Health (Tobacco Smoke in Me was passed by Dáil Éireann on 18th December and wa 2014. Regulations will be developed in 2015 in order t	echanically Pro as signed into	opelled Vehicles) Bill 2014. T law by the President on 25t	he legislation	
Update 2015	Protection of Children's Health (Tobacco Smoke in Me developed in consultation with the Dept. of Justice an December 2015. A radio ad campaign and a you tube Communications Division of the HSE with a view to ini	id An Garda Si video were d	ochana and were signed by eveloped on the Department	the Minister in	
Update 2016	Radio ad campaign and You tube video released in Jar legislation.	nuary 2016 to	increase public awareness of	of the new	
Update 2017 - 2019	Legislation now in place.				
9.6	Monitor the effectiveness of the current smoke free legislation, including the review of existing exemptions and the monitoring of compliance with these provisions.	DOH TACU HSE	Joint DOH TACU and HSE group to review all tobacco control legislation quarterly.	Initiate Q4 2014	
Update 2014	A joint DOH TACU and HSE EHS group was established 2015. The group meets quarterly to review progress.	l in Q4 2014 to	D progress 9.6, 9.19, 9.22, 9.	27 and 9.28 in	
Update 2015	Quarterly meetings of this group continued in 2015.				
Update 2016	Quarterly meetings of this group continued in 2016 to	discuss these	e and TPD related issues		
Update 2017	Ongoing engagement in relation to tobacco control le Standardised Packaging.	gislation focu	sed on the implementation	of the TPD and	
Update 2018	In April 2018, Miniser of State for Health Promotion Catherine Byrne responded to a Private Members Bill that proposed to extend the legislative base for the smoking ban to outdoor areas where food is consumed. Speaking on the Bill, Minister Byrne agreed that the the measures could be examined in the context of section 9.6 "after the legislative programme set out in Tobacco Free Ireland is completed and Ireland has both complied with its international obligations and introduced a comprehensive licensing system for the sale of tobacco products."				
Update 2019	Further engagement in relation to tobacco control leg Standardised Packaging is ongoing. committed to examining the measures included in the legislative base for the smoking ban to outdoor areas set out is completed and Ireland has both complied w comprehensive licensing system for the sale of tobacc	e Private Mem where food is ith its interna	The D bers Bill proposed in 2018 v consumed, once the legisla tional obligations and introd	OH remains vhich extend the tive programme	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
9.7	Identify a lead person with clear lines of responsibility for the co-ordination of smoking cessation services within the health service to ensure a national approach.	HSE	Lead in place.	Complete Q2 2014
Update 2014	The HSE has appointed a lead to carry out this functio	n		
Update 2015 - 2019	HSE Smoking Cessation Service Lead continues to co-c	ordinate smol	king cessation services.	
9.8	Develop comprehensive national smoking cessation guidelines. These to include the minimum level of service provision that each service provider needs to have in place.	HSE	<ol> <li>Publish national standards for the intensive tobacco cessation support programme.</li> <li>Train all intensive tobacco cessation specialist staff in delivering behavioural support based on best practice and newly published standards.</li> <li>Assess minimum level of service provision with the implementation of the new integrated "one-stop" model QUIT service.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Publish in 2013.</li> <li>Online and face to face training to be commissioned for 2014.</li> <li>On-going through 2015 and 2016</li> </ol>
Update 2014	National standards for intensive cessation services ha training has been commissioned and was delivered to face training courses in behavioural support were also An integrated "one-stop" model QUIT service was also	more than si delivered to	xty staff during 2014. Two fu sixty staff in 2014.	
Update 2015	30 Staff trained as intensive tobacco cessation special staff). One stop model service mapping survey compl Tender. QUIT at 4 week quality KPI developed (45% c	eted in prepa	ration for the IT Patient Man	agement System
Update 2016	43 staff trained as intensive tobacco cessation special	ists in 2016. (	QUIT at 4 week quality KPI is 5	60% for 2016.
Update 2017	16 staff trained as intensive tobacco specialist in 2017	. QUIT at 4 w	eek Quality KPI is 49% .	
Update 2018	A multidisciplinary guideline development group was established, with terms of reference to assist the HSE TFI programme in the development of national clinical practice guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of tobacco addiction and to provide advice on the implementation of such guidance. The development of this guideline has been approved for prioritisation by the Department of Health's National Clinical Effectiveness Committee (NCEC). Candidate guidelines from international guideline development centres have been selected, collated and appraised for adaptation, and will form the evidence-base, in addition to the up-to-date evidence analysed by HIQA in their recent HTA of smoking cessation interventions in Ireland. 14 staff trained as intensive tobacco specialists in 2018. QUIT at 4 week KPI is 48%.			

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2019	The Clinical Guideline Development Group continued will be released for stakeholder consultation pending which is being carried out by the Health Research Boa 30 staff trained as intensive tobacco cessation special who enter into the standard stop smoking support tre	the publication ard. lists in 2019. C	on of an Evidence Review of E QUIT at 4 week KPI is 47% (i.e.	-Cigarettes	
9.9	Undertake targeted approaches for specific groups, particularly young people, lower socioeconomic groups, pregnant and post-partum women and patients with cardiac and respiratory disorders.	HSE	Specialist smoking cessation staff trained to deal with specific groups. Referral pathways to support these groups via a "one-stop " model being developed.	Q2-Q4 2014 and on-going	
Update 2014	Specific training in relation to mental health and pregnancy was launched in 2014. Two speciality on-line modules on smoking in pregnancy and smoking and mental health were commissioned and launched in 2014. A report on the uptake of this specialist training is due at the end of April 2015.				
Update 2015	The National Centre for Smoking Cessation Training (UK) issued report on specialist training for 2015. 42 Staff trained in Mental Health specialist training module and 32 trained in the pregnancy and smoking module to end of December 2015. HSE staff continue to deliver and support the 'We Can Quit' smoking cessation programme in conjunction with the ICS. The programme targets women in disadvantaged communities in a number of areas. Smoking cessation in pregnancy to be included as part of forthcoming Maternity Strategy				
Update 2016	60 staff completed the online training module in 2016 bringing its total trained to 156. 15 Staff trained in Mental Health specialist module and 14 trained in the pregnancy and smoking module to end of December 2016. HSE staff continue to deliver and support the "We Can Quit" smoking cessation programme, which targets smokers from disadvantaged areas, in conjunction with the ICS. This programme extended into CHO 4 and 7 in 2016. National Maternity Strategy published which includes specific recommendations on how to support smoking cessation in pregnancy.				
Update 2017	54 staff completed the online training module in 201 cessation to 187. 14 Staff trained in the Mental Healt smoking module to end of December 2017. HSE staff smoking cessation programme, which targets smoker 2017 CHO 4 delivered 3 courses and CHO 9 delivered	h specialist m continue to do s from disadva	odule and 9 trained in the pr eliver and support the "We C antaged areas, in conjunction	egnancy and an Quit"	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame		
Update 2018	62 staff completed the online training module in 2018 bringing the total number of staff trained in intensive cessation to 249 (this doesn't not represent active cessation staff data). 7 Staff trained in the Mental Health specialist module and 6 staff trained in the pregnancy and smoking module to end of December 2019. The TFI programme prepared and submitted two 'new service business case bids' for the resourcing of staff ar development of services in mental health services and maternity services which unfortunately did not secure resourcing. The programme trained and secured a dedicated smoking cessation service from an existing addiction CNS in mental health services in one acute mental health unit in Galway. The HSE funds the agency 'spunout' a health and education web resource designated to young people. The qu smoking content was reviewed and updated and the tobacco content continues to be one of the highest visite pages overall. HSE staff continue to deliver and support the "We Can Quit" smoking cessation programme, which targets smokers from disadvantaged areas, in conjunction with the ICS. 23 women participated in the We Can Quit Programme in 2018.					
The TFI Programme and Women and Infants Health Programme collaborated this year to scope a smoking cessation demonstrator project at a large maternity hospital. The Purpose of the project establish a specific ante-natal intensive smoking cessation service as well as its outreach services treat tobacco addiction as a care issue in pregnancy. The project will demonstrate how intensive cessation services can operate in the context of HSE operated and funded maternity services and lessons to inform an evidence-based business case for systematic investment in services.				ct will be to s to routinely e smoking		
Update 2019	39 staff completed the online training module in 2019 cessation to 336. 27 Staff trained in the Mental Health specialist modul module to end of December 2019. The TFI Programme submitted an application to the S dedicated midwifery led smoking cessation services a	e and 14 staff laintecare Inte	trained in the pregnancy and gration Fund proposing the	d smoking creation of 5		
	for 2 clinical midwifery specialist posts to provide ded 2 maternity hospitals. Project groups to establish thes Maternity Hospital and the National Maternity Hospit	se services hav al.	e been convened at Cork Un	iversity		
	HSE staff continue to deliver and support the "We Car smokers from disadvantaged areas, in conjunction wi We Can Quit Programme in 2019.			-		
9.10	Develop a business case for a National Tobacco Cessation Service Patient Management System.	HSE		Initiate 2014 and progress 2015		
Update 2014	A business case was drafted in 2014 and will be will t	hen be submit	ted for approval in 2015.			
Update 2015	Business case with detailed costs completed and approval received. Procurement resource allocated to support tender process. New IT allocation from IT implementation services allocated to drive the project from an IT perspective. First meeting with HP&I and IT held in late December 2015 to develop tender and specification documentation.					
Update 2016	Invitation to tender documentation developed and pr applications set for October 2016. Procurement evalu responses received. Two tenderers successful progres required from one of the tenderers took place in Dece	ation group es sed to the nex	stablished to appraise and ra	te tender		

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame		
Update 2017	<sup>7</sup> 2017 saw huge investment of time and resources to progress the development of the NTCSPMS. Following a tendering process the project contract was awarded to North 51 a company with many years of experience in this field. A Project Board was then set up to oversee the project and a HP&I Project Manager appointed. To date the project plan and functional specification have been agreed and approved.					
Update 2018	<ul> <li>Following input from key stakeholders (including extensive user acceptance testing and the training of a group of "super users") the QuitManager Core system was adapted and designed to meet the needs of the Smoking Cessation services within the HSE and Quitline. November 26th marked go live in the National Quit line, Community Services in Donegal, Sligo, Roscommon, Kerry, Cork, Dublin South, Kildare, West Wicklow. Acute Hospital Services in Letterkenny University Hospital, Cork University Hospital, Sligo University Hospital, and University Hospital Kerry. QuitManager will be deployed nationally throughout 2019.</li> <li>Significant challenges were encountered and overcome in order to ensure that all information and data to be held by the system was in compliance with the new EU General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR). In 2019 a referral module will be developed whereby the QuitManager system will integrate with the maternity hospital patient management system (MN-CMS) and GP systems (Healthlink).</li> </ul>					
Update 2019	Remaining HSE Stop Smoking Services were added to users. Data impact assessments were completed for a hospitals with a new Key Performance Indicator report	number of St t being develo	op Smoking Services located oped within the system.	in voluntary		
	Scoping for referral module commenced. Integrations management system (MN-CMS) were scoped and tim			ernity patient		
9.11	Train all frontline healthcare workers to deliver interventions for smoking cessation as part of their routine work.	HSE	<ol> <li>Training targets set for number of staff to be trained in Brief Intervention Smoking Cessation HSE Annual Service Plan.</li> <li>Very Brief Advice on-line training to be offered to all staff.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>2014 and on- going.</li> <li>Develop for 2015</li> </ol>		
Update 2014	Training targets set for the number of staff to be train Service Plan. The total number trained in 2014 was 1,		tervention Smoking Cessation	n HSE Annual		
Update 2015	The total number of front line staff trained in 2015 wa professional students. Negotiations re target number 2016. Overall target for 2016 is 1,350.	-	_			
Update 2016	The total number of front line staff trained in 2015 war professional students.	as 1,306 plus a	n additional 431 undergradu	ate health		
Update 2017	The total number of front line staff trained in 2017 was 1076 plus an additional 625 undergraduate health professional students. 46 non HSE staff trained . The HSE TFI Making Every Contact Count (MECC) Tobacco knowledge reference group was established and the group input into the development of the national MECC programme and developed the tobacco component of the on-line programme and actively supported the development of the generic module. BISC will transition to MECC (Mid 2017).					
Update 2018	Brief Intervention in Smoking Cessation training was r due to the transition to MECC. However, BISC training training. In 2018, 97 HSE staff, 440 undergraduates, 1 trained in BISC.	was provided	upon request during the tra	nsition to MECC		

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame		
Update 2019	The number of frontline staff taking up smoking cessation training continued to rise this year. 1,792 staff completed the Making Every Contact Count online training in 2019, with 367 staff were going on to complete the Making Every Contact Count face to face training module. The scheme remains committed to emphasising health promotion in all contact with patients as a way of					
acquiring both short - term and long - term health benefits for those presenting.						
9.12	Examine evidence (national and international) regarding outcomes of the use of NRT and other approaches.	DOH TACU	Engage with key stakeholders with a view to carrying out an evidence based review or health technology assessment on NRT and other smoking cessation approaches.	Initiate Q2 2014		
Update 2014	Preliminary discussions held with the Health and Qua Health Technology Assessment of smoking cessation		-	acilitating an		
Update 2015	Preparatory work on the smoking cessation Health Te	chnology Asse	essment initiated			
Update 2016	HIQA and DOH agreed terms of reference for the HTA assessment. An Expert Advisory Group was convened December 2016 for public consultation early in 2017.	by HIQA to as		-		
Update 2017	HIQA published the Health Technology assessment of https://www.hiqa.ie/reports-and-publications/health interventions. The HSE TFI Programme team inputted Assessment for Smoking Cessation.	-technology-a	ssessment/hta-smoking-cess	sation-		
Update 2018	Any new evidence produced regarding the use of NRT reviewed.	and other ap	proaches continues to be gat	thered and		
Update 2019	Electronic cigarettes have become an increasingly popular product in Ireland in recent years and continues to be monitored by DOH. The research on e-cigarettes is also rapidly evolving. In 2019 the Minister for Health Simon Harris asked the Health Research Board to undertake a review and assessment of more recent evidence on e-cigarettes which will examine the evidence in relation to the health harms of e-cigarettes and their effectiveness as an aid to smoking cessation. The evidence review is expected to be completed in March 2020.					
9.13	Establish a regulatory framework for nicotine products in the context of discussions at EU level.	DOH TACU	<ol> <li>Retail Licencing Bill to include non-medicinal nicotine products.</li> <li>Implementation of EU Tobacco Products Directive.</li> </ol>	See 8.7 to 8.12 above		
Update 2014	See 8.6 to 8.12 above.					
Update 2015	See 8.6 to 8.12 above.					
Update 2016	The European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and (S.I. No. 271 of 2016) which transposed the Tobacco F Department continues to engage with the European ( enforcement.	Products Direct	tive came into force on 20 M	lay 2016. The		

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame		
Update 2017	The European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and (S.I. No. 271 of 2016) which transposed the Tobacco F amended in 2017. The DOH TACU continues its partic subgroups to facilitate the implementation and enfor	Products Direc	tive came into force on 20 M EU Expert Group on Tobacco	ay 2016 were Policy and its		
Update 2018	The DOH TACU continues its participation in the EU Expert Group on Tobacco Policy, and its subgroups on ingredients and e-cigarettes, to facilitate the implementation and enforcement of the regulatory framework for nicotine products.					
Update 2019	The Department of Health Tobacco and Alcohol Control on Tobacco Policy and its subgroups on ingredients an enforcement of the regulatory framework for nicotine See 8.7 to 8.12 for update on the Public Health (Toba	nd e-cigarette e products.	s to facilitate the implementa			
9.14	Increase investment in mass media quit campaigns.	HSE	Significant increase in investment secured for QUIT campaign, subject to continuous evaluation.	2014 and on- going		
Update 2014	Funding for the HSE QUIT Campaign increased from € funding, matched with the strong messages of the ca and responses from smokers.					
Update 2015	QUIT.ie Phase II completed, including extension of qu app development. 11.5K quit plan sign-ups in 2015.	it plan, introd	uction of community section	, quit heroes		
Update 2016	€1.65m invested in QUIT campaign in 2016 an increase from 2015. Visits to the site were up by 40%, quit plan sign up increased by 23%, calls to the quit team up by 22%. QUIT's fan base on Facebook grew by 4% in 2016 and 7% of visitors from Facebook signed up for a quit plan. A further 7% of visitors from twitter signed up for a quit plan. Research showed that the media messaging was coming close to wear out towards the end of the year and the focus during mid-late 2016 was the development of a new strategic approach for 2017/2018. Planning for new campaign development took place late 2016.					
Update 2017	<ul> <li>€1.67m invested in QUIT campaign in 2017, an increative). The HSE ran the 'Pauline Quit campaign' be extensive work on the development of the new TV ad casting to filming; culminating in its launch on April 6 Review of 2017 QUIT Campaign</li> <li>Date range: January 1st - December 31st, 2017 v's Ja 2017 QUIT Analytics</li> <li>245,430 visits - ↑6% on 2016</li> <li>26% (63k) of visits to quit.ie came from Facebook provide the second seco</li></ul>	tween January and campaig th 2017. anuary 1st - De romoted posts ice	y and March 2017 and at the n 'I will Survive' from concep ecember 31st, 2016	same time did		
	<ul> <li>Reduction of 10% in Quit Plan Sign ups – 12,629 in 2</li> <li>59% new visitors (similar to 2016)</li> <li>Majority of visitors are female - male visitors 个1% i</li> <li>Top 3 sources for signups: Social (30%), Direct (25%)</li> </ul>	n 2017, now a	ccount for 34% of all visitors			
	The new HSE Quit Smoking TV ad, which aired first in September, it won four awards, including two in the Sharks International festival of Creativity. In November the 2017 Epica awards.	prestigious int	ernational category at the 20	017 Kinsale		

Chapter and	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame		
no.	A further accolade is the fact that the New York State	Department o	 of Health Bureau of Tobacco	Control Will air		
	the HSE's award winning TV advert 'I will Survive; Qu	it Smoking', fro	om Jan. 1 2018 across New Yo	ork City and the		
	rest of the state.					
Update 2018	€1.5m was invested in QUIT campaign in 2018. This w			d to 2017;		
	however 2017 spend included the creative developm	ent of the new	r TV campaign.			
	Review of 2018 QUIT Campaign:					
	• 235,150 visits – decrease of 4% on 2017					
	• 30% (71K) of these visits were from Facebook prom					
	<ul> <li>72% of visitors are using a mobile device to access (</li> </ul>					
	• 64% of visitors to QUIT.ie in 2018 were categorised		-			
	• 26% decrease in the number of Quit Plan sign ups c	-				
	• 7,448 activated Quit plan accounts, a decrease of 3	-				
	• Top 3 sources for signups were Social (30%) direct (	22%) and paid	search (17%)			
	The HSE ran the 'I will survive' TV campaign throughc	ut the year an	d launched (Emotions' a nou	vradio		
	campaign which asked smokers what they need to fe					
	Vermont requested permission to use the 'I will survi					
	verniont requested permission to use the 1 will survi	ve auvertisen				
	New out of home creative was developed in November/Dec for the January 2019 burst of the Quit campaign.					
	The Quit campaign developed new online facebook content (using content from existing face to face group					
	support resources and made these suitable for a digital format). This new potential service support option was					
	piloted with 3 closed facebook groups from September - December 2018. The evaluation of this programme is					
	underway.					
Update 2019	€1.8 million was invested in the QUIT campaign in 20	19. This was a	n overall increase in budget o	of €300,000		
	compared to 2018.					
	Review of the 2019 QUIT Campaign:					
	•238,678 visits to quit.ie – increase of 1.5% on 2018					
	•168,851 unique visitors to quit.ie					
	• 2,388 lead generations through Facebook					
	•4,016 calls to the QUIT line phone service					
	•6,500 activated QUIT Plan accounts					
	Extensive consultation took place with smokers from specific target perculation groups					
	Extensive consultation took place with smokers from specific target population groups. A creative agency was appointed to develop a new TV advert following a tender process.					
	A number of creative concepts were tested with the target audience and the Curated By You ad was chosen.					
	A TV ad, a number of radio ads and supporting promotional material were developed and filmed/recorded in					
	December for launch in January 2020.					
	The central theme running through the new QUIT campaign is <i>Quit for 28 days and you are 5 times more likely</i>					
	to quit for good .		,,,	····,		
9.15	Advocate for the removal of VAT from NRT	DOH TACU	Discuss with Department	Q1 2015		
			of Finance the feasibility of			
			minimising the rate of VAT			
			on NRT patches subject to			
			the EU VAT. Directive			
		1		1		

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2015 - 2019	- Not possible at this juncture to introduce a different VAT rate for NRT products as per the EU VAT Directive				
9.16	Make NRT more widely available, including in outlets where tobacco products are sold.	DOH TACU	The Health Products Regulatory Authority (HPRA), formerly the Irish Medicines Board has authorised an NRT product	Initiate Q3 2014 and or going	
			Medicines Board, reclassifie		
2019	to be sold in general retail and grocery outlets in 2014	for consume	rs 18 years and over.		
warn about tr	e dangers of tobacco				
9.17	Increase investment in social marketing campaigns to warn about the dangers of tobacco.	HSE	See 9.14 above.	2014 and on- going	
Update 2014- 2019	See 9.14 and 7.2 above				
9.18	Enhance educational initiatives aimed at preventing young people from starting to smoke, in line with best international practice within the Healthy Ireland framework.	DOH H&W P	DOH H&WB P engaging with Dept. of Education and Skills to ensure an effective approach to health and wellbeing. Also leading out on implementation of Outcome 1- Active and Healthy, Physical and Mental Wellbeing in Better Outcomes, Brighter Futures.	2014 and on- going	
Update 2014	See 7.4 above				
Update 2015	See 7.4 above				
Update 2016	DOH H&WBP working with Dept. of Education and Sk	ills on Wellbei	ng Curriculum		
Update 2017	The Department of Education and Skills (DES) introdu (encompassing the subjects SPHE, PE and CSPE) from Wellbeing area encompasses learning opportunities t wellbeing of students, and enable them to build life si choices. including not starting to smoke. The DOH H&WP, in collaboration with HSE Education health and wellbeing is supported in school settings a aligned with the Junior Cycle Wellbeing Guidelines.	September 20 o enhance the kills including team, continu	17 in the new Junior Cycle F physical, mental, emotional those needed to make positi the to work closely with DES t	ramework. The l and social ve health o ensuring that	
Update 2018	DOH H&WBP continues to engage with DES on a num Committee, the Active Schools Flag Programme and t of the Senior Cycle PE Framework.			-	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
	The HSE Education Team offer training to teachers to support them with the creation of a Wellbeing Promotion Process, aimed at promoting wellbeing among students, and the training calendar is agreed with the Department of Education and Skills on an annual basis. The Primary School Curriculum is in the process of being reviewed and it is envisaged that the new Curriculum will include Wellbeing as a core subject. A public consultation on the new Primary Curriculum Framework will take place in 2020 DOH H&WBP continues to engage with DES on a number of matters, including the Interagency Wellbeing Committee, the Active Schools Flag Programme and the development of an app to support the implementation of the Senior Cycle PE Framework. The TFI Programme developed 5 new lessons on tobacco and e-cigarette use for pilot testing with the new Junior Cycle SPHE curriculum in 2020/2021.				
9.19	Monitor the implementation of regulations for pictorial warnings.	1.DOH TACU 2. HSE	Joint DOH TACU and HSE group to review all tobacco control legislation quarterly.	Initiate Q4 2014	
Update 2014	A joint DOH TACU and HSE EHS group was established 2015. The group meets quarterly to review progress.	l in Q4 2014 to	progress 9.6, 9.19, 9.22, 9.2	7 and 9.28 in	
Update 2015	The joint DOH TACU and HSE EHS group met quarterly. An examination and report on a cohort of Irish Duty paid cigarettes obtained by the Revenue Commissioners as part of the Illicit Trade survey was undertaken, with the specific remit of assessing compliance with the requirement of pictorial warnings regulation. Warning rotation was found to be in compliance with legal requirements.				
Update 2016	The joint DOH TACU and HSE EHS group met on a regu An examination and report on a cohort of Irish Duty p part of the Illicit Trade survey was undertaken, with th requirement of pictorial warning regulations. In 2016 found to be non-compliant representing a 99.4% com from 97% in 2014 and 98% in 2015.	aid cigarettes ne specific ren only 3 out of t	obtained by the Revenue Co nit of assessing compliance w the Irish Duty Paid cohort of	vith the 494 packs were	
Update 2017	An examination and report on a cohort of Irish Duty p was undertaken, with the specific remit of assessing c regulations.	-	-	-	
Update 2018	An examination and report on a cohort of Irish Duty p Trade survey was undertaken, which included assessin pictorial warnings.	-			
Update 2019	An examination on a cohort of Irish Duty paid cigarettes and RYO packs obtained as part of the Illicit Trade survey was undertaken with particular reference to compliance with the Public Health (Standardised Packaging of Tobacco) Act 2015 and regulations made thereunder. This survey indicated a high level of compliance with health warnings and Standardised packaging requirements. The HSE Environmental Health Service are collaborating in the Joint Action on Tobacco Control with other member states.				
9.20	Undertake continued evaluation of campaigns and programmes.	1.DOH TACU 2. HSE	See 9.3.	2014 and on- going	
Update 2014- 2019	See 9.1, 9.3 and 9.14 above		<u> </u>		
Enforce bans o	n tobacco advertising, promotion and sponsorship				

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
9.21	Continued implementation and monitoring of the national inspection programme is required in order to ensure compliance with all tobacco legislation.	HSE	See 8.1.	2014 and on- going	
Update 2014	See 8.1 above				
Update 2015	See 8.1 above				
Update 2016	The EHS through its National Tobacco Unit Operation Environmental Health Officers and local teams contin be consolidated in 2017 to meet the requirements of	ues to mainta	in an inspection programme		
Update 2017	The EHS through its National Tobacco Unit Operation Environmental Health Officers and local teams contin provided in 2017 to meet a limited enforcement of th	ues to mainta	in an inspection programme	. Resources were	
Update 2018	The EHS through its National Tobacco Unit Operation Environmental Health Officers and local teams contin				
Update 2019	The EHS continues to maintain an active tobacco cont Environmental Health Service (EHS) Tobacco Control a compliance rate of 82%. The KPI target for 2019 was inspections were carried out with a compliance rate of 43 convictions were secured in respect of non-complia amended and regulations made thereunder. HSE con website. A total of 115 complaints were received and investigat complaints, while 17 related to Tobacco Products Direction	Inspection Pro as 384 test pu of 86.5%. ance with the stinues to pub	gramme carried out 15,043 i rchase inspections. 467 test p Public Health (Tobacco) Acts lish a convictions report quar	nspections, with ourchase 5 2002 as terly on the HSE	
9.22	Review existing legislation to ensure that it is fit for purpose to deal with new and emerging measures and marketing programmes adopted by the tobacco industry.	1.DOH TACU 2. HSE	Joint DOH TACU and HSE group to review all tobacco control legislation quarterly.	Initiate Q4 2014	
Update 2014	A joint DOH TACU and HSE EHS group was established 2015. The group will meet quarterly to review progre		D progress 9.6, 9.19, 9.22, 9.2	.7 and 9.28 in	
Update 2015	As above for Update 2014				
Update 2016	A joint DOH TACU and HSE EHS group was established in Q4 2014 to progress 9.6, 9.19, 9.22, 9.27 and 9.28 in 2015. The group meets quarterly to review progress. In 2016 these meetings focussed on the introduction of The European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Products) Regulations 2016 (S.I. No. 271 of 2016)				
Update 2017	Ongoing engagement in relation to tobacco control legislation focused on the implementation of the TPD and Standardised Packaging.				
Update 2018	Ongoing engagement in relation to tobacco control legislation focused on the implementation of the Tobacco Products Directive and Standardised Packaging.				
Update 2019	Ongoing engagement between DoH and HSE in relation implementation of the Tobacco Products Directive and Inhaling Products) legislation.				

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
9.23	Robustly defend the legal challenge by the tobacco industry to the point of sale measures introduced in 2009.	DOH TACU	Await further developments in this area.	On-going
Update 2014 - 2019	On-going			
9.24	Develop legislation for the introduction of standardised/plain packaging for tobacco products.	DOH TACU	Facilitate the progress of the Public Health (Standardised Packaging of Tobacco) Bill 2014.	Complete Oireachtas process Q1 2015 and commence legislation in line with Tobacco Products
Update 2014	In June 2014, Government approved the publication of the Public Health (Standardised Packaging of Tobacco) Bill 2014 and the presentation of the Bill in Seanad Éireann. The Bill was passed by the Seanad in June and completed Second Stage in Dáil Éireann on 2nd October 2014. Formal notification of the publication of the Bill was made to the European Commission and to Member States under the EU Technical Standards Directive (98/34/EC) and the Tobacco Products Directive (2014/40/EU) and t the World Trade Organisation under the Technical Barriers to Trade Agreement in June 2014. The Commission and Member States had until 18th September to comment or provide detailed opinions on the proposed measures under the Technical Standards Directive. As detailed opinions were received, the standstill period increased by a further three months, i.e. until 18th December 2014. The legislative process cannot continue			
Update 2015	until after the standstill period. Ireland responded to the Commission in relation to the detailed opinions from Member States in relation to the Standardised packaging legislation under the EU Technical Standards Directive (98/34/EC). The legislation went through the Houses of the Oireachtas and was signed by the President in March 2015. Part 5 of Health (Miscellaneous Provisions) Bill 2015 seeks to amend the Public Health (Standardised Packaging of Tobacco) Act 2015 . The amendments to the Act of 2015 allow for additional elements to be included on retail packaging of tobacco products, some of which are of a technical and practical nature and some of which seek to provide basic information to the consumer. Regulations were developed under the standardised packaging legislation and were forwarded t the Commission under the EU Technical Standards Directive in November. A legal challenge to the Public Health (Standardised Packaging of Tobacco) Act 2015 was initiated on behalf of Japan Tobacco Ireland Limited (JTI) against the State, which is being robustly defended. A final decision in the JTI Ireland Limited-v-Minister for Health, Ireland, and The Attorney General case expected in 2016.			
Update 2016	The Health (Miscellaneous Provisions) Bill completed its passage through the Seanad in 2017. The legal cha November, 2016.			
Update 2017	The Commencement Orders for the Public Health (Sta Health (Standardised Packaging of Tobacco) Regulatic the 30th. September 2017. The legislation introduced your-own tobacco and all other tobacco products incl logos or text on packs except health warnings and bra sale in Ireland from 30th September 2017 must be in manufactured and placed on the market before that of month period i.e. until 30th September, 2018.	ons 2017 were measures rela uding the colo and names, eto standardised	signed in 2017 and came intra ating to the retail packaging o our of packaging, ban on the c. All tobacco products manu retail packaging. Any product	o operation on of cigarettes, rol use of images, factured for ts
Update 2018	Legislation now in place.			

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2019	In 2019, in anticipation of the five - year anniversary of the passage of the Act, a post - enactment review of the legislation was carried out by the Unit. The review found the regulations had been successfully enacted and that the legislation had become established tobacco control policy. The review also referred to a 2018 examination and report on a cohort of Irish Duty paid cigarettes and roll your				
	own packs obtained as part of the annual Illicit Trade Operational Unit of the Environmental Health Service particular reference to the Public Health (Standardise thereunder. The Report found a high level of complian	Office and the d Packaging o	e Revenue Commissioners, u f Tobacco) Act 2015 and regu	ndertaken with	
	<ul> <li>Approval of the legislation among the general public has also been found to be high. The Healthy Ireland 2019 found the following:</li> <li>73% of the population approve of the plain packaging legislation. 71% of those interviewed in the previous approved of the legislation.</li> <li>While smokers are less likely than non-smokers to approve of the legislation (63% and 76% respective smokers' level of approval has not changed since the introduction of the legislation.</li> </ul>				
9.25	Work with the EU to ensure successful implementation of the proposed revision of the Tobacco Products Directive.	DOH TACU	Engage with European Commission to facilitate the transposition of the Tobacco Products Directive by May 2016.	Initiate Q2 2014	
Update 2014	See 8.6 above		•	I	
Update 2015	See 8.6 above				
Update 2016	The European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and (S.I. No. 271 of 2016) which transposed the Tobacco P Department continues to engage with the European C enforcement.	roducts Direc	tive came into force on 20 M	ay 2016. The	
Update 2017	The European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Products) Regulations 2016 (S.I. No. 271 of 2016) which transposed the Tobacco Products Directive was amended in 2017 (S.I. No. 252 of 2017). The DOH TACU continues to engage with the European Commission and the HSE in relation to implementation and enforcement of the Directive. THE DOH TACU participated in the development of further EU Commission Implementing Acts on tobacco traceability and security feature systems. Those Implementing Acts were adopted by the EU Commission in December 2017.				
Update 2018	The DOH TACU continues to engage with the Europea implementation and enforcement of the Directive. Commission Delegated Regulation 2018/574 and EU O through secondary legislation, for the details of an EU unit packets of tobacco products manufactured in or illicit trade in tobacco products. Work by DOH TACU to 2018/574 and Implementing Decision 2018/576 in Iris Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Produc	Commission In - wide tracea imported into o draft legislat h law by ame	nplementing Decision 2018/5 bility and security features so the Union. The aim of the sy tion to implement Delegated nding the European Union (N	EU 576 provide, ystem for all stem is to fight Regulation Manufacture,	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2019	The DOH TACU continues to engage with the European Commission and the HSE in relation to the implementation and enforcement of the Directive. Work by DOH TACU, in consultation with the Office of the Revenue Commissioners, to finalise draft legislation to implement Delegated Regulation 2018/574 and Implementing Decision 2018/576 in Irish law by amending the European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Products) Regulations 2016 (S.I. No. 271 of 2016) is ongoing.				
9.26	Work with media regulators and the entertainment industry around the portrayal of smoking in the media.	DOH TACU	Review the portrayal of smoking in national media.	Initiate Q1 2015	
Update 2014	Scheduled to commence in 2015	I	I	I	
Update 2015	Worked with Advertising Standards Authority in Irela	nd on adverti	sing codes for e-cigarettes.		
Update 2016- 2019	Advertising code now in place for e-cigarettes. The co	de continues	to be regularly reviewed.		
9.27	Monitor developments in relation to brand stretching at a global and European level.	DOH TACU	Monitor tobacco industry activity in conjunction with WHO FCTC and European	On-going	
9.28	Examine and monitor the existing tobacco legislation to ensure that it is inclusive of contemporary forms of communications.	1.DOH TACU 2. HSE	Joint DOH TACU and HSE group to review all tobacco control legislation	Initiate Q4 2014	
Update 2014	A joint DOH TACU and HSE EHS group was established 2015. The group meets quarterly to review progress.	l in Q4 2014 to	progress 9.6, 9.19, 9.22, 9.2	7 and 9.28 in	
Update 2015	As above for Update 2014.				
Update 2016	As above for Update 2015.				
Update 2017	Ongoing engagement in relation to tobacco control le Products Directive and Standardised Packaging.	gislation focu	sed on the implementation c	f the Tobacco	
Update 2018	Ongoing engagement in relation to tobacco control le Products Directive and Standardised Packaging.	gislation focu	sed on the implementation c	f the Tobacco	
Update 2019	In 2019 the Department proceeded with developing legislation centred on the introduction of a new licensing system for both the retail sale of tobacco products and nicotine inhaling products. The Department has noted with concern the increasing trend of the tobacco industry investing in electronic cigarette companies as the public continues to turn away from tobacco products. DOH continues to monitor the domestic and international situation and is awaiting the conclusions of an evidence review by the Health Research Board examine the evidence in relation to the health harms of e-cigarettes and their effectiveness as an aid to smoking cessation. This review will then inform future policy.				
	tobacco products				
9.29	The Departments of Health and Finance and the Office of the Revenue Commissioners are to work in closer collaboration in relation to fiscal matters relating to tobacco and on measures to reduce the illicit trade of tobacco.	DOH TACU	Engage with Department of Finance and Revenue Commissioners.	2014 and on- going	
Update 2014 - 2017	Engagement on - going				

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame		
Update 2018	Officials from DOH TACU and the Office of the Revenue Commissioners participate in meetings of the EU Expert Sub-group on Traceability and Security Features. The Office of the Revenue Commissioners, as competent authority for the traceability and security features system, is responsible for overseeing the implementation of the system while DOH TACU is drafting the necessary accompanying legislation.					
Update 2019	Officials from DOH TACU and the Office of the Revenue Commissioners continue to participate in meetings of the EU Expert Sub-group on Traceability and Security Features. The EU-wide traceability and security features system applying to cigarettes and roll-your-own tobacco became operational on 20 May 2019. The Office of the Revenue Commissioners, as competent authority, was responsible for the development of the system in Ireland and has oversight of the system. DOH TACU is finalising the necessary accompanying legislation in consultation with the Office of the Revenue Commissioners. TACU worked with the Department of Finance to provide input on Budget 2020 Tax Strategy Group Papers					
	relating to tobacco products and novel products.					
9.30	Annual excise duty increases on tobacco products should be applied over a continuous five year period.	DOH TACU	DOH TACU to discuss this recommendation with the Dept. of Finance.	2014 and on- going		
9.31	Increase duty on roll-your-own and other tobacco products to reduce the price differential between cigarettes and other tobacco products.	DOH TACU	DOH TACU to advocate for such increases.	2014 and on- going		
Update 2014	In Budget 2015 the excise duty on a packet of 20 cigarettes was increased by 40 cent (including VAT) with a pro- rata increase on the other tobacco products, with effect from midnight on 14 October 2014. The excise duty on roll-your-own tobacco was increased by an additional 20 cent (including VAT) per 25g pouch with effect from midnight on 14 October 2014.					
Update 2015	In Budget 2016 the excise duty on a packet of 20 cigar rata increases for other tobacco products with effect		-	f VAT, with pro		
Update 2016	In Budget 2017 the excise duty on a packet of 20 cigar rata increase on the other tobacco products, with effe			VAT) with a pro-		
Update 2017	In Budget 2018 the excise duty on a packet of 20 cigar rata increase on other tobacco products, and an addit effect from midnight on 10 October 2017.					
Update 2018	In Budget 2019 the excise duty on a packet of 20 cigar rata increase on other tobacco products. Excise duty of addition, the minimum excise duty on tobacco produc have the same excise applied as cigarettes sold at €11 2018.	on roll-your-o cts was increa	wn tobacco was increased by sed so that all cigarettes sold	25 cent. In below €11 now		
Update 2019						
9.32	Remove tobacco from the consumer price index.	DOH TACU	Discuss with Central Statistics Office and other relevant bodies.	Initiate Q1 2015		
9.33	Introduce a tobacco industry levy or similar mechanism which could be ring fenced to fund health promotion and tobacco control initiatives including support to end the illegal trade.	DOH TACU	Discuss with Department of Finance.	Initiate Q1 2015		

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
9.34	Consider the introduction of an environmental levy in the context of the Government's waste policy "A Resource Opportunity", the application of economic instruments and the review of producer responsibility.	DOH TACU	Discuss with Department of the Environment, Community and Local Government.	Initiate Q1 2016
Update 2014	9.32 and 9.33 scheduled for 2015 and 9.34 scheduled	for 2016	I	
Update 2015	Not significantly advanced in 2015 due to competing	priorities.		
Update 2016 - 2018	Levy initiative not being pursued by Department of Fi Tax structure.	nance on acco	ount of potential difficulties v	vith Corporation
Update 2019	In December 2019 the Department of Communication consultation on a new Waste Action Plan for Ireland. Using DIRECTIVE (EU) 2019/904, commonly referred t transposed into Irish law by 3 July 2021, Ireland will b manufacturers of tobacco products and commit to the 5 January 2023. This will ensure the tobacco industry will share respon to account for a large amount of the waste on Ireland	o as the Single e expanding E e developmer nsibility for wa	e Use Plastics Directive (SUP) Extended Producer Responsib at of a full producer responsib aste from tobacco products, v	which is to be ility for the pility scheme by
9.35	Continue collaboration with national and international partners on strategies to reduce illicit trade.	DOH TACU	Discuss with Departments of Finance, Justice and Equality, Revenue Commissioners, European Commission and WHO.	On-going
Update 2014	Discussions on-going with respect to the implementat Protocol to Eliminate Illicit Trade in Tobacco Products		Tobacco Products Directive a	and the WHO
Update 2015	Discussions on-going with respect to illicit trade in the Directive and the WHO Protocol to Eliminate Illicit Tra		-	acco Products
Update 2016	Discussions on-going with respect to illicit trade in the Directive and the WHO Protocol to Eliminate Illicit Tra			acco Products
Update 2017	Discussions on-going with respect to illicit trade in the context of implementation of the EU Tobacco Products Directive and the WHO Protocol to Eliminate Illicit Trade in Tobacco Products. The DOH TACU participated in the development of the EU Commission Implementing Acts on tobacco traceability and security feature systems. These Implementing Acts were adopted by the EU Commission in December 2017.			
Update 2018	Discussions on-going with respect to illicit trade in the Directive and the WHO Protocol to Eliminate Illicit Tra Office of the Revenue Commissioners participate in m Security Features. The Office of the Revenue Commiss security features system, is responsible for overseeing drafting the necessary accompanying legislation.	ide in Tobacco neetings of the sioners, as cor	Products. Officials from DOI EU Expert Sub-group on Tra npetent authority for the tra	H TACU and the ceability and ceability and

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
Update 2019	Discussions on-going with respect to illicit trade in the Directive and the WHO Protocol to Eliminate Illicit Tra Office of the Revenue Commissioners participate in m Security Features. The EU-wide traceability and secur own tobacco became operational on 20 May 2019. Th authority, was responsible for the development of the TACU is drafting the necessary accompanying legislatic Commissioners.	ade in Tobacco neetings of the ity features sy ne Office of the e system in Ire	Products. Officials from DOP E EU Expert Sub-group on Tra stem applying to cigarettes a e Revenue Commissioners, as land and has oversight of the	H TACU and the ceability and nd roll-your- s competent e system. DOH
National and I	nternational Partnerships			
10.1	Government Departments, and state agencies including the Health Service Executive will continue to liaise and work with the non-governmental organisations in order to achieve policy aims set out in this report.	1. DOH TACU 2 DOH H&W P 3. HSE	Ensure on-going engagement via: 1. DOH engagement with governmental, state agencies and NGOs <sup>7</sup> , 2. Healthy Ireland Council, 3. HSE Health Services Tobacco Control Partners group.	Initiate Q1 2014 and on- going
Update 2014	The Minister for Health and Minister for Children and Youth Affairs, and their respective officials continue to meet with relevant NGOs on tobacco control issues. The Healthy Ireland Council is engaged with tobacco control issues as outlined in Tobacco Free Ireland.			
Update 2015	The Minister for Health and respective officials contin The Healthy Ireland Council continues to promote co The HSE Tobacco Control Partners Group met twice ir support a coordinated approach to Tobacco Free Irela	ntrol initiative 1 2015, review	es through the work of its me ed the TOR and membership	mbers.
Update 2016	The Minister for Health and respective officials continue to meet with relevant NGOs on tobacco control issues. The Healthy Ireland Council continues to promote control initiatives through the work of its members. The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland Programme continued to coordinate their stakeholder/partners group meetings through 2016 collaborating on work where appropriate.			
Update 2017	The Minister for Health and respective officials contin The Health and Wellbeing Programme continues to po- Ireland initiative. programme. DOH and Department of Public Expenditure and Refo the overall prevalence of smoking in the population, a and lowest social class groupings. DOH and local partners submitted a joint bid to host to consideration. The HSE TFI Programme continued to coordinate thei collaborating on work where appropriate.	romote contro rm engaged in and in particul the 18th WCTC	ol initiatives through the worl a pilot cycle of equality budg ar to narrow the gap betwee DH in Dublin in 2021. Shortlis	< of the Healthy geting to reduce n the highest ted for

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
	The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland Programme coordinated and chaired 4 meetings of our tobacco stakeholders in 2018 where programmes of work were shared, campaign activities were shared and cross referenced. The HSE (TFI) Programme and TFI Partners Group held a World No Tobacco Day Conference at Farmleigh House on the 31st May 2018 with an aim to mobilise and empower all stakeholders towards achieving the TFI target. The conference theme was Mobilising Communities Towards a Tobacco Free Ireland. The conference was attended by 121 delegates (54 of which were HSE staff and 67 representatives from external agencies). The event provided an opportunity to present relevant national and international research in tobacco control & explore current research gaps in Ireland as well as an opportunity for discussion/debate/input to identify & prioritise recommendations for progressive actions across policy, practice and research in tobacco control. It also provided a platform to engage the Tobacco Partners group and wider stakeholders in working towards improved collaboration for implementation of the HSE TFI action plan.				
Update 2019	The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland Programme coordinated and chaired 4 meetings of our tobacco stakeholders in 2019 where programmes of work were shared, campaign activities were shared and cross referenced. See action 7.5				
10.2	Continued participation and engagement at EU level in the context of the revised Tobacco Products Directive.	DOH TACU	Engage with the European Commission to facilitate the transposition of the Tobacco Products Directive by May 2016.	Initiate Q2 2014	
Undate 2014	See 8.6 above				
	See 8.6 above				
	The European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and (S.I. No. 271 of 2016) which transposed the Tobacco P Department continues to engage with the European C enforcement.	roducts Direc	tive came into force on 20 M	ay 2016. The	
Update 2017	The European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Products) Regulations 2016 (S.I. No. 271 of 2016) which transposed the Tobacco Products Directive were amended in 2017 (S.I. No. 252 of 2017). The DOH TACU continues to engage with the European Commission and the HSE in relation to implementation and enforcement of the Directive. THE DOH TACU participated in the development of further EU Commission Implementing Acts on tobacco traceability and security feature systems. Those Implementing Acts were adopted by the EU Commission in December 2017.				
Update 2018	The European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and (S.I. No. 271 of 2016) were amended in 2018 by S.I. No cigarettes and refill containers; S.I. No. 364 on safety a containers and S.I. No. 504 which designates the Offic authority for the EU-wide traceability and security fea to implement the EU Commission Implementing Acts law by the DOH TACU is ongoing. The DOH TACU cont HSE in relation to implementation and enforcement o	b. 132 in relation and quality reases of the Rever tures system. on the traceases inues to engages	on to product presentation f quirements for electronic cig nue Commissioners as the co Work on drafting the necess pility and security features sy ge with the European Commi	or electronic arettes and refill mpetent sary legislation rstem in Irish	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2019	Work on drafting the necessary legislation to impleme traceability and security features system in Irish law b Revenue Commissioners, is ongoing. The DOH TACU continues to engage with the Europea and enforcement of the Directive. The EU Commission	n Commissior	CU, in consultation with the solution and the HSE in relation to in	Office of the nplementation	
	Member States on the review of the Tobacco Product	-		0	
10.3	All Government Departments and state agencies should actively engage with and implement the WHO FCTC, the Protocol to Eliminate the Illicit Trade in Tobacco Products and the FCTC Implementation Guidelines.	DOH TACU	<ol> <li>Sign WHO FCTC protocol.</li> <li>Arrange to put in place the measures to facilitate ratification in the light of obligations set out in the Tobacco Products Directive.</li> <li>Implement protocol within recognised timeframes as set down by the ratified protocol.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Complete Q4 2013</li> <li>Initiate Q4 2014</li> <li>Await 40 country ratification</li> </ol>	
Update 2014	See 8.6 above. Ireland was actively engaged with WH the Conference of the Parties Meeting (COP6)	10 in progress	ing the WHO FCTC, including	involvement at	
Update 2015	Ongoing engagement with WHO on tobacco control issues. Ireland played a key role in the development of the WHO Europe Region report "Making tobacco a thing of the past" - a roadmap of actions to strengthen implementation of the WHO FCTC in the European Region 2015-2025				
Update 2016	Ongoing engagement with WHO on tobacco control is WHO Europe Region's online Tobacco Playbook. DOF			-	
Update 2017	WHO awarded DOH World No Tobacco Day Award for Ireland hosted delegations from Romania and Moldov initiatives.	va to facilitate	their own national tobacco o	control	
	Ireland actively participated in WHO meetings (Copenhagen and Heidelberg) on tobacco control issues and the WHO FCTC.				
Update 2018	In March 2018 Dublin was selected to host the World Conference on Tobacco or Health (WCTOH) in 2021. This Conference is the premier convention on tobacco - related issues, taking place every 3 years. It will be the first time the WCTOH has been hosted by a European city since 2003. Hosting the convention will provide an excellent opportunity for Ireland to highlight its position as a global leader in tobacco control measures, with the WTCOH often the main forum for discussing the next steps in global tobacco control efforts.				
	Ongoing engagement with the WHO in relation to tob participated in meetings of the Conference of the Par Parties to the Protocol to Eliminate Illicit Trade in Tob	ties (COP8) of	the WHO FCTC and the first		

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2019	<ul> <li>Following Dublin being selected in 2018 as host of the World Convention Conference on Tobacco or Health, due to take place in March 2021, the DOH convened several meetings of the Local Organising Committee (consisting of a wide range of governmental and civil society organisations) and a joint meeting with the International Advisory Board in 2019.</li> <li>By year end, date and venue were confirmed (9-11th March 2021, Convention Centre Dublin) as the was the Conference logo and theme (Navigating Change: Leading with Impact) as well as a broad outline of the</li> </ul>				
10.4	Conference Programme. Collaboration with other national and international partners in the area of tobacco control should be continued to further develop the evidence base in support of new initiatives and to evaluate the impact of current measures.	DOH TACU	Continue to liaise with EC, WHO and other international bodies to review new tobacco control initiatives as they emerge with a view to incorporate them into practice in Ireland if they facilitate Tobacco Free Ireland by 2025.	On-going	
10.5	Collaborate on a North/South basis, in particular through the North South Ministerial Council, on measures to reduce tobacco consumption.	DOH TACU	Continue to work with North South Ministerial Council on tobacco control.	On-going	
10.6	Support greater national and international collaboration and participation on research programmes to strengthen the evidence base for new measures.	DOH TACU	Continue to liaise with European Commission, WHO and other international bodies to review new tobacco control initiatives as they emerge with a view to incorporate them into practice in Ireland if they facilitate Tobacco Free Ireland by 2025.	On-going	
Update 2014					
Update 2015	As above for Update 2014				
Update 2016	As above for Update 2015			-	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2017	See 10.3 above. DOH TACU has actively engaged with the North South Ministerial Council, the European Commission, and the WHO at both regional and national level in 2017 to further the aims of Tobacco Free Ireland and to share our experience in tobacco control matters.				
	HSE TFI Programme held the role of chairperson on the ENSH-Global Board and facilitated the transition fr ENSH-Global to the Global Network of Tobacco Free Health Services (GNTH), and supported the developme a new website. The programme actively contributed to the planning and hosting of a very successful 1 day tobacco pre-conference workshop in Vienna and a half-day workshop on 'diffusion of innovation' in Seville Ireland participated in the 2016/7 and 2017/8 Gold Forum Jury process and did a site visit of a hospital out Vienna that applied for Gold Forum membership. 3 HSE staff were recruited to participate in the 2017/8 G Gold Forum. Through the role of GNTH chair, the HSE attended the Health Promoting Hospital Internation Global Assembly at their request to co-ordinate and support joint action on tobacco in health services glob The HSE also attended the HPH International 2 day conference in Vienna participating in all parallel sessio tobacco, networked with international colleagues working in tobacco and followed up afterwards with bot HPH Secretariat and health service colleagues. The HSE prepared, planned for and participated at a 2 day e hosted by the Andalusian Network in October to include a GNTH General Assembly, a half-day workshop a welcome address at the Andalusian Network Tobacco Conference in Seville. The HSE supported a group of health professionals from the Ministry of Health in Malta who requested to HSE services and engage with staff in October 2016 to develop a Tobacco Strategy. This year the HSE were invited (at their expense) to deliver a keynote address at the launch of the Maltese Department of Health Tobacco Strategy and participate at a full-day workshop at the event.				
Update 2018	DOH TACU has actively engaged with the North South WHO at both regional and national level in 2017 to fu experience in tobacco control matters. The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland Programme Lead travel September 2018 to participate in the General Assemb Nurse Manager 3 also travelled to this event and pres implementation in a mental health inpatient facility at HSE TFI Programme staff continue to chair and provid	rther the aims led to Bellelay ly of the GNTH ented a case s t Cluain Lir, M	of Tobacco Free Ireland and , Switzerland on the 13th an H and GNTH autumn worksho tudy on Tobacco Free Camp ullingar, Co. Westmeath.	l to share our d 14th of op. A Clinical us	
	Programme financially supported the redevelopment audit tool and website. In March 2018 Dublin was selected to host the World This Convention is the premier convention on tobacco first time the WCTOH has been hosted by a European Hosting the convention will provide an excellent oppor leader in tobacco control measures, with the WTCOH global tobacco control efforts.	and improven Convention or correlated issu city since 200 prtunity for Ire	nent of the GNTH Network a n Tobacco or Health in 2021. es, taking place every 3 year 3. land to highlight its position	nd online self- s. It will be the as a global	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
Update 2019	<ul> <li>In April 2019 DOH hosted a delegation from Armenia, including the Armenian Minister for Health. DOH briefed the delegation on Ireland's progress in tobacco control and provided guidance on how Armenia might facilitate their own national tobacco control initiatives. (Or in previous section?)</li> <li>In April 2019 Ireland was invited to chair the Tobacco Control Informal Network for 2019-2020. The Network is group of eight countries that have similar approaches to tobacco control issues. The other members are Canace Uruguay, the UK, Australia, France, New Zealand and Norway. The duties of the chair country including organising expert meetings during the year to exchange knowledge and best practice and organising a lunch meeting on the fringes of the World Health Assembly with participants up to Ministerial level in attendance. On 21 October, Ireland hosted a meeting of experts from Network member countries on the topic of e-cigarettes and novel tobacco products. The meeting was held in the Permanent Mission of Ireland to the Unite Nations in Geneva.</li> </ul>			
Legend	<ol> <li>DOH TACU: Department of Health Tobacco and Alco</li> <li>WHO FCTC: World Health Organisation Framework</li> <li>DOH H&amp;W P: Department of Health Health and We</li> <li>HSE: Health Service Executive.</li> <li>EU: European Union.</li> <li>TFI Programme: Tobacco Free Ireland Programme</li> <li>CHO: Community Healthcare Organisations</li> <li>HP &amp; I: Health Promotion and Improvement</li> <li>Environmental Health Service</li> <li>NRT: Nicotine Replacement Therapy.</li> <li>NGOs: Non-Governmental Organisations.</li> <li>ILO: International Labour Organisation.</li> <li>TFC: Tobacco Free Campus</li> <li>NHS: National Health Service (UK)</li> <li>TPD: Tobacco Products Directive.</li> <li>RIA: Regulatory Impact Assessment.</li> <li>BISC: Brief Intervention in Smoking Cessation.</li> <li>MECC: Making Every Contact Count.</li> <li>HIQA: Health Information and Quality Authority</li> </ol>	Convention o	n Tobacco Control.	